M. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT.
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TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE
40,000 WORTH OF JEWELRY,
ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.
and Splendid Assortment of Jewelry, consisting
CHAINS, BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.
ll styles of French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated

not keep or sell any gilt, gilt or galvanized goods,
what are sold by the best Jewelers as *Gold Jewel.*

ceive our goods from the best Gold Jewelry Man-
rs in the States,
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
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owing is only a partial list of our immense stock:
TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR
$1 EACH.
TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

e and Splendid Cameo Sets, General Retail
Vices, - - - - $8 to $1
do Lava do 10 to 30
do Carbuncle do 8 to 80
Ladies' Enamelled and Coral do 7 to 30
do and Carbuncle do 7 to 30
do and Ruby do 7 to 30
Gold Cluster Crape Setting sets do 10 to 80
do do Vase do 10 to 30
do do Jet Sets, do 5 to 12
do Black Mosaic do 6 to 12
do Gold Stone Mosaic do 6 to 12
do Calico Sets, do 5 to 12
Ribbon Twists, with brilliants, do 6 to 15
Coquet Sets, new style, do 8 to 30
Enamelled Cluster do do 10 to 30
Thimbles, do 3 to 7
and Polished Gold Pens and Cases, 3 to 6
r. Silver Plated Spoons, 2 00
r Plated Mugs, 4 00
00 other different styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medal-
styles, patterns and sizes; Lockets of every de-
Gold Pens, 14 karet, with Silver Extension
Gold Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Cor-
Cameo and Band Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains,
10 to wear for ten years without changing color,
stand the acid—they are usually sold by Jewelers
old chains—all made in Paris. You can take
e for $1 each. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains,
usually sold by Jewelers at from $5 to $30 each;
Children's Neck Chains, beautiful patters;
brilliant, enamelled and ruby settings; Crosses,
enamelled, for $1 each, retail prices from $5 to
Every style and variety of Jewelry and desira-
for $1 each.
at the above prices, will continue long enough
our immense stock, which was purchased at a
rifice from Manufacturers who have failed.
AKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
HOW TO SEND MONEY.—Be
rite your name, place of Residence, County and
and distinct, as we can make *nothing out of*
letters with WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum
can be easily opened—the contents taken out
ld. Attend to this, and we will be responsible
ney.
INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS.
ons acting as Agent, who will send us at one
we will give a Gold Hunting Case Watch, extra.
" " Gold Lever Watch.
" " Silver Watch.
and the articles selected from the above List at
er Each.
ordering by mail *must send* $1 and 15 cents *in*
vance.
GIVE US A TRIAL.
Communications must be addressed to
WILLIAM FLINT,
No. 807 Market Street,
Philadelphia, Pa.
March 7, 1861-6m.

THE PUBLIC.—THE SUB-
BER, having taken the establishment heretofore
upied by Price, would respectfully an-
nce the citizens of Altoona and vicinity,
s removed his
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
UNION HAT & STOVE STORE,
building on Annie street, between Harriet and
rts, East Altoona, where he will keep constant-
a large assortment of everything in his line,
will dispose of on reasonable terms.
FING & SPOUTING
short notice. He also manufactures LEADER
ting, which is said to be much superior to gal-
iron or tin.
Also attached a copper-smithing room to his es-
lishment and will keep on hand an assortment of cop
ass kettles, &c.
ls of job work promptly attended to.
of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
STEPHEN WINTERS.
Aug. 16th, 1860.

LADELPHIA WATCH AND
ELRY STORE.
D. FORMER OCCUPANT,
20 SE., corner of Quarry St.
ersigned has leased the above
where he will keep a large assortment of Gold
Watches, of American, English and Swiss man-
the most celebrated makers. In addition to
be found always on hand (and made to order) an
riety of Jewelry, Silver and Silver Plated ware,
ith a general assortment of such goods as are
pt in a first-class Watch and Jewelry Store.
ons of O. Conrad, and those of the subscriber,
ith the public generally, are invited to call, and
ceive a good article for their money. As I am
do a cash business, goods will be sold very
all Freight and Quick Sales" is the motto of this
ment. LEWIS R. BROOMALL,
Formerly O. Conrad,
No. 148 N. Second St., cor. of Quarry, Philada.
6-1y.

GREAT QUESTION WHICH
gitates the mind of every person
en I get the best article for my
n regard to other matters, the sub-
did not attempt to direct, but if you
ting in the line of
BOOTS OR SHOES
Re an examination of his stock and work.
constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes,
pers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.
ive special attention to custom work; all of
warranted to give satisfaction. None but the
s are employed
r my shop is on Virginia street, immediately
ster's Drug Store.
r 2, '57-tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

ery and Grocery Store.
SUBSCRIBER KEEPS CON-
TLY on hand
Baked Bread, Cakes, &c.
EED, BACON, FLOUR,
GROCERIES,
a choice lot of SEGARS and TOBACCO.
JACOB RINK,
Virginia Street, below Annie Street.

SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.
NDERSIGNED ANNOUNCE
citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have
T AND SHOE SHOP
STREET, 1 *door above Winlert Tin Shop. East*
re they will keep on hand a good assortment
Shoes of *their own manufacture.*
cular attention given to making *Ladies' Shoes.*
They invite a share of public patronage, feel-
that they can render entire satisfaction.
n. 10, '61-tf JOHN SIDNEY

ONAL POLICE GAZETTE.—
Great Journal of Crime and Criminals is in
Year, and is widely circulated throughout
It contains all the Great Trials, Criminal
propriate Editorials on the same, together with
Criminal Matters, not to be found in any
per.
Sptions $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to
subscribers, (who should write their names
county and State where they reside plainly)
To G. W. MATSELL & CO.
or & Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette,
New York City.

AND SHOES.—THE UN-
ed has now on hand and will
e store in the Masonic Temple,
complete assortment of BOOTS
ready made, or made to order,
dies' Sandals, Gum Shoes, Cork
rything in his line of business at
y and on the most reasonable
J. SACKMAN.

ER FOR SALE.
SHINGLES, 50,000 LATHES,
of BUILDING MATERIALS, lower than the
est. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

AND LARD OILS, CAM-
Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at
KEISTER'S.

AND AT McCORMICK'S Store
endid assortment of Ready-Made Clothing.
Nov. 2, -tf.

Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 6. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1861. NO. 31.

MEDICAL AND CHEMICAL

REFORM.

ADVICE FREE.

New-York Benevolent Infirmary,

ESTABLISHED 1856,

And devoted to *The Cause of Medical Reform*; to the *Diffusion of Medical Knowledge for the Prevention of Disease*, and to the relief of those suffering and afflicted with Chronic and Virulent Disorders. To this end this Infirmary is endowed, to enable the sick and suffering throughout the length and breadth of our land, to avoid the *Poisonous Drugs, Extortion*, and *Ignorance of professed Physicians*, through which thousands and tens of thousands annually perish.

The following are some of the diseases we cure, not only at the Infirmary but in all parts of our country:

Consumption and Pulmonary Complaints, Fevers, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Eye and Ear Diseases, Cancers and other Tumors, Jaundice and Liver Complaint, Seminal Weakness, and all diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Organs, from whatever cause or whatever nature. Our object will be to give joy to the afflicted by effecting in all cases a speedy cure.

Our rule is to charge nothing for advice and written prescriptions; but will furnish when requested the very best medicines at the lowest rates.

These remedies are prepared in our own Laboratory, under the care of able Chemists, and are the most reliable known to science, including all the recent discoveries.

To all addressing us by letter, containing full account of symptoms and appearances of disease, age, occupation, &c., we will write a candid reply, with advice and directions for cure. Any fees sent us when sending for advice will be used to furnishing medicine for the poor. In all cases medicine can be sent by mail or express if desired. Send for one or more of our works and judge for yourselves. Also published at the Infirmary, to aid these objects,

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

containing simple remedies easily obtained for the cure of diseases in all its forms, with full explanations of the causes, symptoms, diet, bathing and exercise. Price 50 cts.

THE LADIES' MEDICAL FRIEND,

AND THE PHYSIOLOGY OF MARRIAGE.

A work on the cause, symptoms and treatment of all complaints peculiar to the sex, on marriage, its duties, relations and its results, on Children, their ills, and on the prevention of conception, with invaluable Instructions to those on subjects of a private nature. Price 25 cents.

The Gentlemen's Medical Companion,

AND PRIVATE ADVISER.

A book for the old and young, embracing the Pathology, Prevention and Cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual organs, and a warning voice of advice and counsel, such as is to be found in no other work. Price 25 cents.

THE GUIDE AND GUARD

FOR EVERY ONE.

It exposes all the Humbugs, and the various Tricks to entice the sick and well. It illustrates the plans of the quacks and Rogues to dupe every one. It guides the unwary through life, and shows up every swindle of the age. It shows how all kinds of Food, Medicines, Liquors and Goods are adulterated, with the means of detecting the same. Price 25 cents.

THE HOUSEHOLD AND FARM,

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For every family, having over 1000 receipts on Cooking, Preserving, Dyeing, Cleaning, &c. How to plant and what is the best to raise. How to cure animals, advice to housekeepers, farmers and mechanics, on 1000 subjects of interest. Price 25 cents. Worth $10 to any one.

THE CONSUMPTIVES BOOK.

For those who wish to get well from that awful disease, a full description of all the remedies used for it, with a careful statement of the results, and other useful information. Price 10 cents.

The information in them is not to be found in any works published, nor obtainable from any other source. These books are published on fine white paper, and beautifully bound.

Any of the above works will be mailed free, on receipt of price, in stamps, or money; or the whole in a handsomely bound volume for ONE DOLLAR. No family should be without them. They are illustrated with beautiful engravings, and contain the condensed experience of years.

AGENTS WANTED for the above works, who can make $150 a month. Send for a circular for agents.

To the young of both sexes suffering from secret habits; prostration of mind; loss of power; nervous debility; loss of sight; wakefulness; love of solitude; eruptions on the face, &c., &c. *Send before it is too late*; before you suffer irremediable damage to both body and mind.

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We are convinced that there are many parents of scrofulous, consumptive and diseased condition to whom a numerous offspring only brings suffering and poverty. To such we would say write, and we will send information of a sure, well-tested, and never-failing PREVENTIVE.

We will mail free, to any one applying for it.

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It is a large and beautiful paper, and contains the most valuable information on Spermatorhœa, or Seminal Weakness. The cause, effects and cure, showing the awful effects of the disease,

On all other diseases of the Sexual Organs, a full explanation of the origin of Syphilis, the means of prevention and cure.

On Consumption, that fearful disease.
On the Liver, Heart, Stomach and Skin.
On Female Complaints.
On the various Schools of Medicines.
On the modes of Treatment now practiced.
On the False Treatment of Diseases.
On the various Medical Humbugs.
On the Physiology of Marriage.
On the Common sense of Medicine.
On Diet, Exercises, and Ablution.
How the Physician should be.
How to prevent Pregnancy.
And many other things. SEND FOR IT.

This journal should be in the hands of every one.

J. RUSSELL, M. D., A. M., Chief Physician. S. S. MORRIS, Surgeon. Dr. J. BOYLE, Chemist.
Office in New York, 154 Chambers street.
Office in Williamsburgh, South 8th and 5th streets.
Correspondents will please enclose two or three stamps for return postage, and address

DR. A. BERNEY, Secretary,
(Box 141.) Williamsburg, New York.
Nov. 15, 1860.-1y

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POCO METALIC PAINT,

EQUAL TO RED LEAD AND 75 per cent. cheaper—stands 300 degrees heat—warranted water proof and will neither fade nor wash. For

STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES, GAS HOLDERS, RAIL ROAD BRIDGES AND CARS, PLASTER, IRON AND BRICK FRONTS, TIN ROOFS, HOUSES, BARNS, FENCES, WAGONS, SHIP DECKS, PLUMBERS' JOINTS, IRON FOUNDERS PATTERNS, &c., &c., &c.

For graining and staining equal to Turkish Umber.

COLORS are Umber Brown Lake, Olive Indian Red and Black.

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WM. L. HOUPT,
March 21-6m. No. 132 N. 4th street, Philadelphia.

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& ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

ICE CREAM SALOON

attached to his store, in which he will serve up ICE CREAM of all flavors during the season.

He is at all times prepared to supply cakes, candies, &c., for pic-nics and other parties. He invites a share of public patronage, believing that he can render full satisfaction to all.

Remember, his store and saloon is on Virginia street, two doors below Patton's Hall. OTTO ROSSI.

DENTISTRY.

J. IRVIN STEEL, D. D. S., HAVING located permanently in Altoona, respectfully offers his services in the different departments of

Surgical and Mechanical Dentistry.

Office nearly opposite C. Jaggard's Store, Virginia st., Altoona, Pa. [May 16, '61-tf.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

E. B. McCRUM.....H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

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Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square

Original Poetry.

For the Altoona Tribune.

HARP OF THE MOUNTAIN.

BY J. A. H.

Farewell to my mountain home,
Where many a day I've passed
In sadness, grief and lonely thoughts,
Yet now I'm freed at last.

Though few there be who'll grieve for me,
When I from them depart,
For malice strong is made to burn
Within the cruel heart.

And envy bold, of color green,
A cruel monster, he
Still lurks within and is plainly seen
With cruel hate to me.

Yet far from strife and cruel hate,
My bark shall move along,
And silent peace, a constant guest,
Be with me while I roam.

Yet some there be who show to me
True friendship in return;
With eye so meek and smile so sweet,
My heart for them shall mourn.

For friendship true I fain would grieve,
Though found in lonely cell,
Or mountain cot, or lonely spot,
Where sorrow is made to dwell.

Select Miscellany.

THE MYSTERIOUS ORGANIST.

A LEGEND OF THE RHINE.

"Kind hearts are more than coronets,
And simple faith than Norman blood."

Years and years ago, at a grand old cathedral overlooking the Rhine, there appeared a mysterious organist. The great composer who had played the organ so long had suddenly died, and everybody from the king to the peasant, was wondering who could be found to fill his place, when, one bright Sabbath morn, as the sexton entered the church, he saw a stranger sitting at the crape shrouded organ.—He was a tall, graceful man, with a pale but strikingly handsome face, great black, melancholy eyes, and hair like the raven's wing for gloss and color, sweeping in dark waves over his shoulders. He did not seem to notice the sexton, but went on playing, and such music as he drew from the instrument no words of mine can describe. The astonished listener declared that the organ seemed to have grown human—that it wailed, and sighed, and clamored, as if a tortured human heart were throbbing through its pipes. When the music at length ceased, the sexton hastened to the stranger and said—

"Pray, who are you sir?"

"Do not ask my name," he replied; "I have heard that you are in want of an organist, and came here on trial."

"You'll be sure to get the place," exclaimed the sexton. "Why, you surpass him that's dead and gone sir!"

"No, no; you overrate me," resumed the stranger, with a sad smile; and then, as if disinclined to conversation, he turned from old Hans, and began to play again. And now the music changed from a sorrowful strain to a grand pæon, and the mysterious organist—

"Looking upward full of grace,
Prayed till from a happy place,
God's glory smote him on the face,"

and his countenance seemed not unlike that of St. Michael, as portrayed by Guido.

Lost in the harmonies which swelled around him, he sat with his "far-seeing" gaze fixed on the distant sky, a glimpse of which he had caught through an open window, when there was a stir about the church door, and a royal party came sweeping in. Among them might be seen a young girl, with a wealth of golden hair, eyes like the violet in hue, and lips like wild cherries. This was the Princess Elizabeth, and all eyes turned to her, as she seated herself in the velvet cushioned pew appropriated to the court. The mysterious organist fixed his gaze upon her, and went on playing. No sooner had the music reached her ears, than she started, as if a ghost had crossed her path. The bloom faded from her cheek, her lip quivered, her whole frame grew tremulous.—At last her eyes met those of the organist, in a long, long, yearning look, and then the melody lost its joyous notes, and once more wailed, and sighed, and clamored.

"By my faith," whispered the King to his daughter, "this organist has a masterhand. Hark ye, child, he shall play at your wedding!"

The pale lips of the Princess parted, but she could not speak—she was dumb with grief. Like one in a painful dream, she saw the pale man at the organ, and heard the melody which filled the vast edifices. Aye, full well she knew who he was, and why the instrument seemed breathing out the agony of a tortured heart.

When the service was over, and the royal party had left the cathedral, he stole away as mysteriously as he had come.—He was not seen again by the sexton till the vesper hour, and then he appeared in the organ loft, and commenced his task. While he played, a veiled figure glided in, and knelt near a side shrine. There she remained till the worshippers had dispersed, when the sexton touched her on the shoulder and said—

"Madam, everybody has gone but you and me, and I wish to close the doors."

"I am not ready to go yet," was the reply; "leave me—leave me?"

The sexton drew back into a shadowy niche, and watched and listened. The mysterious organist still kept his post, but his head was bowed upon the instrument, and he could not see the lone devotee. At length she rose from the aisle, and moving to the organ-loft, paused beside the musician.

"Bertram," she murmured.

Quick as thought the organist raised his head. There with the light of a lamp suspended to the arch above falling full upon her, stood the Princess who had graced the royal pew that day. The court-dress of velvet, with its soft ermine trimmings, the tira, the necklace, the bracelets, had been exchanged for a grey serge robe and a long, thick veil, which was now pushed back from the fair, girlish face.

"Oh! Elizabeth, Elizabeth?" exclaimed the organist, and he sank at her feet, and gazed wistfully into her troubled eyes.

"Why are you here, Bertram?" asked the Princess.

"I came to bid you farewell, and as I dared not venture into the palace, I gained access to the cathedral by bribing the bell-ringer, and having taken the vacant seat of the dead organist, let my music breathe out the adieu I could not trust my lips to utter."

A low moan was his only answer, and he continued—

"You are to be married on the morrow?"

"Yes," sobbed the girl. "Oh, Bertram, what a trial it will be to stand at yonder alter, and take upon me vows which will doom me to living death!"

"Think of me," rejoined the organist. "Your royal father has requested me to play at the wedding, and I have promised to be here. If I were your equal, I could be the bridegroom instead of the organist; but a poor musician must give you up!"

"It is like rending soul and body asunder to part with you," said the girl.—"To-night I may tell you this—tell you how fondly I love you, but in a few hours it will be a sin! Go, go, and God bless you!"

She waved him from her, as if she would banish him while she had strength to do so, and he—how was it with him! He rose to leave her, then came back, held her to his heart in a long embrace, and with a half smothered farewell, left her.

The next morning dawned in cloudless splendor, and at an early hour the cathedral was thrown open, and the sexton began to prepare for the brilliant wedding. Flame colored flowers nodded by the wayside, flame colored leaves came rushing down from the trees and lay in light heaps upon the ground; the ripe wheat waved like a golden sea, and berries drooped in red and purple clusters over the rocks along the Rhine.

At length the palace-gates were unclosed, and the royal party appeared, escorting the Princess Elizabeth to the cathedral where her marriage was to be solemnized. It was a brave pageant; far brighter than the untwined foliage and blossoms were the tufts of plumes which floated from stately heads, and the festal robes that streamed down over the housings of the superb steeds. But the Princess, mounted on a snow-white palfrey, and clad in snow-white velvet, looked pale and sad; and when, on nearing the church, she heard a gush of organ-music, which, though jubilant in sound, struck on her ear like a funeral knell, she trembled, and would have fallen to the earth had not a page supported her. A few moments afterwards she entered the cathedral. There, with his retinue, stood the royal bridegroom, whom she had never before seen. But her glance roved from him to the organ-loft, where she had expected to see the mysterious organist. He was gone, and she was obliged to return the graceful bow of the King, to whom she had been betrothed from motives of policy.—Mechanically she knelt at his side on the alter-stone—mechanically listened to the service and made the responses. Then her husband drew her to him in a convulsive embrace, and whispered—

"Elizabeth, my Queen, my wife, look up!"

Trembling in every limb, she obeyed. Why did those dark eyes thrill her so? Why did that smile bring a glow to her cheek? Ah? though the King wore the royal purple, and many a jeweled order glittering on his breast, he seemed the same humble person who had been employed to teach her organ music, and had taught her the lore of love.

"Elizabeth," murmured the monarch, "Bertram Hoffman, the mysterious organist, and King Oscar are one! Forgive my stratagem. I wished to marry you, but I would not drag to the alter an unwilling bribe. Your father was in the secret."

While tears of joy rained from her blue eyes, the new-made Queen returned her husband's fond kiss, and for once two hearts were made happy by a royal marriage.

A Queer People.

Chambers' *Journal*, discussing a recent book of missionary travels in Africa, thus alludes to one of the tribes which are found in that *terra incognitia*.

But the strangest of all are the stories told of the Dokos, who lived among the moist, warm bamboo woods to the south of Kaffa and Susa. Only four feet high, of a dark olive color, savage and naked, they have neither houses nor temples, neither fire nor human food. They live only on ants, mice and serpents, diversified by a few roots and fruits; they let their nails grow long like tatons, the better to dig for ants and the more easily to tear in pieces their favorite snakes.

They do not marry, but live indiscriminative lives of animals, multiplying very rapidly, and with very little maternal instinct. The mother nurses her child for only a short time, accustoming it to eat ants and serpents as soon as possible; and when it can help itself it wanders away where it will, and the mother thinks no more about it. The Dokos are invaluable as slaves, and are taken in large numbers. The slave-hunters hold up bright colored clothes as soon as they come to the moist bamboo woods where these human monkeys live, and the poor Dokos cannot resist the attractions offered by such superior people. They crowd around them, and are taken in thousands.

In slavery they are docile, attached obedient, with few wants and excellent health. They have only one fault—a love for ants, mice and serpents, and a habit of speaking to Yer with their heads on the ground, and their heels in the air. Yer is their idea of a superior power, to whom they talk in this comical nature when they are dispirited or angry, or tired of ants and snakes, and longing for unknown food.—The Doko seem to come nearest of all people yet discovered to that terrible cousin of humanity—"the ape."

☞ One of the ordinances of the city of Paris fixes the legal weight of a passenger at 150 pounds. All who weigh over that have to pay double fare. We have always thought that some distinction ought to be made between fat people and lean ones, in our public conveyances. A bullock weighing 1,000 pounds always pays twice as much freight as one weighing only 500. Now, there is no more reason why an omnibus or car should carry a 300 pound passenger for the same fare as one who weighs only 100, than that the freight should be carried at a uniform rate per package, without regard to size or weight.

☞ We find the following in a late number of the St. Louis *Democrat*:

"We learned last evening from reliable sources that the State of California has offered the Government 50,000 troops, and that the War Department has accepted them. The first order from the War Department went out last night by the pony express. It directs four regiments of infantry and one of cavalry to proceed to Western Texas. It is stated in official quarters that the 50,000 men will reach the Mississippi valley within forty days."

☞ An English lady, who went to make purchases in Jamacca, accompanied by her black maid, was repeatedly addressed by the negro shopman as "massa;" whereupon her sable follower exclaimed, with a look of infinite contempt, "Why for you speak such bad grammar Sabby? Why for you call my missus massa? Stupid fellah—him's a she!"

☞ "India, my boy," said an Irishman to a friend on his arrival at Calcutta, "is jist the finest climate under the sun; but a lot of young fellows came out here, and they drink and they die, and thin they write home to their friends a pack o' lies, and say its the climate as has killed him."

☞ As we stand by the sea-shore and watch the huge tides come in, we retreat, thinking we will be overwhelmed; soon, however, they flow back. So with the waves of trouble in the world; they threaten us, but a firm resistance makes them break at our feet.

A TALK ABOUT CATS.

Cats are ubiquitious! Every body has one. A household would be without one of its most important outfits if there were none to caper with the little folks. They have become a domestic necessity and a social blessing. In either aspect they may be regarded among the most interesting quadrupedal phenomena of the age. The gentle nature of the female commends her to the highest respect of the housewife, while the irrepressible warfare she wages with those pests of the house, rats and mice, makes her an invaluable treasure.—Among the inmates of the treasury she is an especial favorite, and the young misses are very apt to hug the little pets almost to death. There is something so sympathetic, so harmless and refreshing, in the frolics of a kitten, that no one can wonder at the hold they get upon childhood. A kitten in one hand and a doll in the other make the little girls happy beyond expression. Indulgencies of the social affections though in this small and comparatively insignificant direction, is attended with many advantages. The natural graces need cultivation as well as the intellectual, and whatever tends to enlarge and strengthen either, is worthy of consideration. The tenderness exhibited towards these cunning and lively creatures draws out and developes the characteristics of childhood, and becomes an element of more important moment in after years.—Surround the children with pictures, flowers, or even kittens, and you foster and strengthen the noblest traits of their nature. All these affinities are displayed, or brought out, by but one branch of the race. The male animal, however, posesses none of the attractive peculiarities that distinguish his more gentle companion.—He is a character of a far different type, and by no means so amiable. You find him an out door lodger, a sort of rover at large, regardless of all the laws that govern his feline partner, and a foe alike of all human and quadruped kind. His notes pitched in every key of the caterwauling gamut, ring out through all the hours of the night. They wont go home till morning folks generally retire at about the period when Grimalkin's howl has reached its culmination, and amid nocturnal schreechings, the yelling herd keep up, the let-to-bed gentry get no rest. If anathemas dire invoked upon their heads would exterminate the race, there would soon be no specimens of the genus alive. Lucky for them is it that curses generally return to afflict their authors, and in these instances, the more they are expostulated with, the more intense becomes their carnival. Gentleman Tom seems to possess a sort of highway commission. Having no home, he makes one wherever he can find a door open, or a larder unlocked.—Regardless as he is of the rights of others, it can be no wonder that every hand is raised against him. Hunted from society for his lawlessness he makes reprisals upon anything that falls in his way. He is an Ishmael among the brutes. When the poet penned those lines, "Night's silvery veil hung low," he never dreamed of the awful perversion of its quiet hours by the shocking cadences of a legion of the squalling, screaming, snarling crew that make night hideous by their unearthly sounds. The most effective antidote for them when thus robbing the night of its dreams for the weary, is the logic of a shower of brickbats; a single application of ten, suffices. The house-dog is no match for him, unless he be a huge mastiff, for the cat's superior agility enables him to keep the most active our at bay. He needs but a fence to separate him from his foe, and at any advance of the latter, he is sure to give him a touch of his claws. The voice of Tom is like that of Sempronius, ever for war! His daguerreotype, taken at fever heat, would be the impersonation of all the furies. He is the concentration of a Bengal tiger in small clothes, and bears about the same relation to other quadrupeds of his weight, as does a pint of brimstone to a barrel of chaff. But it would require the pen of a Goldsmith or a Buffon to do justice to all the qualities of this *rara avis*—a few of them only being the burthen of this article.—*N. Y. Express.*

☞ In the Italian war, it is said, officers went into the army armed like privates; this being deemed necessary, on account of the introduction of rifles, to prevent the commanders from being picked off. Why should not this practice be initiated with us?

——The greatest pleasure of life is love; the greatest treasure, contentment; the greatest possession health; the greatest ease sleep; and the best medicine, a true and faithful friend.

☞ You lost two legs in the army, you say "what did you gain by it?" asked a gentleman of a Chelsea pensioner. "Single blessedness, sir," he replied; "for after that, no woman would marry me."

☞ If a servant will lie for his master, his master need not be astonished if the servant lies for himself.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

Some of our exchanges have revived the following old but good story:

A number of politicians, some of whom were seeking office under the Government, were seated on a tavern porch talking, when an old toper named John D——, a person who is very loquacious when corned but exactly the opposite when sober, said, that if the company had no objection he would tell them a story. They told him to "fire ahead," whereupon he spoke as follows:

A certain king—I don't recollect his name—had a philosopher upon whose judgment he always depended. Now it so happened that one day the king took it into his head to go a hunting, and after summoning his nobles, and making the necessary preparations, he summoned the philosopher and asked him if it would rain. The philosopher told him it would not, and he and his nobles departed.—While journeying along they met a countryman on a jackass. He advised them to return, "for it will certainly rain," said he. They smiled contemptuously on him and passed on. Before they had gone many miles, however, they had reason to regret not having taken the countryman's advice as a heavy shower coming up, they were drenched to the skin.—When they had returned to the palace the king reprimanded the philosopher severely and said—

"I met a countryman and he knows a great deal more than you, for he told me it would rain, whereas you told me it would not."

The king then gave him his walking papers and sent for the countryman, who soon made his appearance.

"Tell me," said the king, how did you know it was going to rain?

"I didn't know," said the rustic, "my jackass told me."

"How, pray, did your jackass tell you?" asked the king.

"By pricking up his ears, your magesty," replied the rustic.

The king sent the countryman away, and procuring the jackass of him he placed him (the jackass) in the office the philosopher had filled. "And here, observed John, looking very wise, is where the king made a very great mistake."

"How so?" inquired the auditors eagerly.

"Why ever since that time, *every jackass wants an office!*"

A RECEIPT FOR CONTENTMENT.—Try to compute your artificial wants—the number of things which you fancy come under the list of "must haves" merely because other people possess them, and not because you would not be quite as well off and as happy in their absence. Try it for one week whenever your fingers are tempted to dally with your purse strings. Record in your memorandum book what in view of this, you sensibly resolve not to buy, and see what a nice little sum will be left you for real necessaries. It is seldom by these last that one is hampered and annoyed. Make the experiment, and see if it is not see. A just economy is not niggardliness; and need not be a miser in avoiding the extravagance of a spendthrift.

☞ It is said that while Senator Wilson was making his masterly retreat in Virginia, on being repulsed by a teamster whose wagon he sought to occupy, he protested in plaintive accents, that he was Henry Wilson of Massachusetts. The response of the teamster was to the point—"Henry Wilson be d—d. I have kicked him off this wagon six times already."—*Boston Post.*

☞ A wag says he knows only one thing better than love, and that is to be thrown into a pond of mush and milk with the privilege of eating your way to shore. Our *devil* says "ditto."

☞ In most quarrels, there is a fault on both sides. Both flint and steel are necessary to the production of a spark; either of them may hammer on wood forever, and no fire will follow.

——The less a man knows, the wider he wears his mouth open. It is as impossible for a fool to keep his jaws shut as it is for a sick oyster to keep his shell closed.

——Dr. Holmes tells of "men so utterly mean, that if the archangel should offer to save their souls for a sixpence, they would give a sixpence with a hole in it!"

☞ There are two classes of disappointed lovers, those who are disappointed before marriage, and the more unhappy ones who are disappointed after it.

☞ It must somewhere written that the virtues of mothers shall occasionally be visited upon the children, as well as the sins of the father.

——What is the difference between a hen with a wing and a hen without one? A mere difference of a pinion.

The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1861.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

S. M. PETTINGILL & CO.,

Advertising Agents, 119 Nassau street, New York, and 10 State street, Boston, are the Agents for the *Altoona Tribune*, and the most influential and largest circulating Newspapers in the United States and the Canadas. They are authorized to contract for us at our *lowest rates*.

Brilliant Success of General Butler's Expedition.

Something over a week ago the telegraph informed us that Gen. Butler and Commodore Stringham had fitted up a fleet and started on an expedition, but their ultimate destination was *not known*, and to this fact may be attributed their glorious success. The chief end of the enterprise was to capture the forts commanding the most important inlet to the coast of North Carolina, which coast, as will be seen by reference to a good map, is very singularly fashioned. A tongue of land extends out from Virginia all along the Carolina coast as far as Cape Fear, leaving between it and the main coast a series of sounds broken into bays and affording harbors and operating space for a large amount of contraband commerce. An immense business has lately been done by ships which have slipped in and escaped out of these interior waters, through those inlets, but that arrangement has now been effectually broken up.

By the official dispatches it appears that the fleet reached Ocracock or Hatteras inlet, off Pamlico Sound, on the 28th ult. The "Adelaide" landed about three hundred men, amid a heavy surf, when the men-of-war hauled in and, at 10.15, A. M., commenced a heavy cannonade, and kept it up at intervals all day, recommencing on the 29th, at 8.15 A. M., with increased effect. The enemy's reinforcements from the main coast attempted to land, but were driven back, and at 11.30 they were forced to surrender unconditionally, and 715 men, among whom were a number of noted rebel officers formerly of the U. S. Army and Navy, were transferred to the Minnesota, which sailed for New York on Friday last.

In the two forts captured there were 25 cannon and 1,000 stand of arms, all of which are now and we trust will remain in the hands of the Federal troops. The loss of the Rebels in killed and wounded is not exactly known, as many of the wounded, and all the killed, except two who were found in an out-house of Fort Clark, were conveyed to the Rebel steamers in the Sound previous to the surrender. But by a special despatch from Wilmington, N. C., to the Louisville *Courier* they admit that from five to six hundred were captured, sixty to eighty killed and wounded, and that only ten or a dozen escaped. Lieut. Murdoch, formerly of the U. S. Navy, had an arm badly shattered, but was fortunate enough to make his escape in the privateer "Winslow," prior to the surrender of Hatteras.

Flag-officer Stringham conducted the "Minnesota," with her cargo of prisoners, to New York, while General Butler came on to Washington last Sunday morning.—The news of his brilliant exploit soon spread through the city and occasioned unbounded joy among all loyal people.—Whether the expedition achieved all it went to achieve, or whether it was to have gone further South, we are not informed, but, from the fact that the leaders and the most prominent vessels have returned, we should judge that it is a finished job. It is fair to presume that the other inlets have all been obstructed with the old hulks bought at Baltimore and taken along, evidently for that purpose. The forts are distant about two miles from each other, and were called respectively Fort Hatteras and Fort Clark.

A dispatch from Baltimore states that "many of the prisoners taken are Baltimoreans, and that a ship-load of cotton, prepared to run the blockade, was among the prizes."

It is claimed that the result of this expedition is, the possession of the whole coast of North Carolina; and, of course, the footing there obtained will be permanently held, and Beaufort and Wilmington ultimately taken possession of, thus giving the rebels in Virginia a fire in the rear; and, if this advantage is followed up, no doubt Jeff Davis & Co. will find themselves in a tight place ere long.

COUNTY CONVENTION.

Agreeably to notice, a Convention of the Peoples' Party of Blair County was held at the Court House, in Hollidaysburg, on Tuesday, September 3d, 1861. Hon. DAVID CALDWELL was called to the Chair, and L. Lowry Moore and —— Kephart were chosen Secretaries.

After the usual amount of business was gone through with, the Convention then proceeded to nominate candidates for the respective offices, when James Roller, Esq., of Huston township, and J. G. Adlum, Esq., of Altoona, were placed in nomination for

ASSEMBLY.

J. G. Adlum withdrew his name before a ballot was had, when James Roller was re-nominated by acclamation.

SHERIFF.

	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th
McCamant,	15	15	14	13	14	15	16	16	20	Scott	Scott	Scott
Baugh,	8	7	10	11	12	10	11	10	11	11	10	11
Bell,	7	8	7	7	7	8	7	8	10	13	14	14
McClathery,	7	7	7	7	7	7	8	7	5	withdrawn.		
Reed,	3	3	3	3	3	4	4	withdrawn.				
Yingling,	3	3	3	3	3	3	withdrawn.					
Cunningham,	2	2	2	2	withdrawn.							

Samuel McCamant, of Antis township, having a majority of all the votes, was declared duly nominated.

PROTHONOTARY.

Anthony S. Morrow, of Martinsburg, received 31 votes.
E. M. Jones, of Altoona, " 15 "

Anthony S. Morrow, receiving a majority of all the votes, was declared to be the nominee.

[We were not furnished with the ballotings for the other offices.]

COMMISSIONER.

James M. Kinkead, of Catharine tp.

DIRECTOR OF POOR.

David Aurant, of Huston township.

AUDITOR.

L. Lowry Moore, of Taylor township.

CORONER.

Dr. Freeman, of Hollidaysburg.

On motion of Jacob Burley, Esq., it was

Resolved, That the ticket this day nominated receives our cordial and united support.

The committee appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the Convention offered the following, which were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, A wicked conspiracy, having for its object the subversion of our Government and the destruction of our liberties, has been inaugurated in certain of the Southern States; AND WHEREAS, In common with our loyal fellow citizens, we hold sacred the Union, liberty, and peace of our beloved Country, Therefore,

Resolved, That all the measures of our National and State Administrations instituted for the suppression of treason and for the effective prosecution of the war against the open and wicked armed rebellion in the South, meet with our hearty and unqualified approval.

Resolved, That in the present struggle between government and treason, there can be but two parties—*loyal men and traitors;* those who sustain the Union, Constitution, and the enforcement of the laws, and those who oppose, either in open rebellion the enforcement of the laws, or aid and assist the enemies of the Country by sympathizing with treason, or advocating humiliating compromises with traitors.

Resolved, That until the complete subjugation or unconditional submission of the traitors who are carrying on this wicked and causeless rebellion, we pledge the unfaltering support of the People's Party of this County to a bold and vigorous prosecution of this war.

On motion, adjourned.

THE REBELS BEGGING.—The Memphis *Appeal* is "appealing" loudly for flour and blankets for the rebel army.—It says they will soon be without bread unless the farmers subscribe flour and meal, and take Confederate bonds in payment. It calls upon every family to give a portion of their blankets to the troops, because the supply from the North is cut off, and people in houses do not need blankets as badly as soldiers in camp.—Judging from this pitiful whine, the rascals must be "hard up," indeed, and the coming winter will, no doubt, *cool* their secession ardor considerably.

GOOD!—The Richmond papers state that the privateer brig *Jeff Davis* has been wrecked off the coast of Florida.—This vessel, before her seizure by the rebels at New Orleans, last winter, was known as the brig *Washington*, a U. S. Coast Survey vessel. She was attached to the Coast Survey in 1846, and Mr. Fox, the present Assistant Secretary of the Navy, was a Midshipman on board of her at that time.

ANOTHER VICTORY.—On Monday last there was a fight at Boone Court-House, in the western part of Virginia, which resulted in the complete rout of the rebels, with a loss to them of thirty killed, forty taken prisoners, and a large number wounded. There were but six wounded on our side, and none killed. It is also stated that our men burned the town.

☞ A special dispatch to the Pittsburgh *Evening Chronicle*, dated Washington, Sept. 3, says: "Heavy firing was heard beyond Arlington Heights this morning, but nothing was heard of a fight. The city is now in an excited state."

State of Affairs at Richmond.

We clip the following extracts from the Richmond correspondence of the Charleston *Mercury*. The writer says:

Richmond is packed to suffocation by an innumerable crowd of idlers, *quid nuncs*, public officials, and soldiers, for the most part red-capped, red-faced, pussy, panting and perspiring, with ice at twelve cents per pound, and little of that to be had for love or money; where every gate is thronged with suitors, either for papers to go from this or permits to visit that camp; where your nose and mouth is crammed with impalpable dust, and your ears stunned with the mutterings, grumblings, and curses of discontent or disappointment.

He gives the following gloomy account of the condition of the Commissariat, and the consequent suffering of the rebels in arms:

There is universal complaint made of the want of efficiency in the Commissariat Department. It was felt severely and immediately after the battle of Manassas. Our brave troops, particularly the sick and wounded, suffered greatly. Some of the troops were without provisions from Sunday breakfast until Tuesday after the battle. Since then it has occurred more than once that many have been without food for twenty-four hours. Great indignation is felt throughout the army and in Richmond on account of this outrageous and unendurable inefficiency. The efficiency of the army is impaired, and even its movements retarded through the want of supplies. I learn it has been, and is a matter of bitter complaint and earnest remonstrance by the commanding Generals. And not only is there a want of sufficient quantity, but the provisions are not good—in fact, they are positively unwholesome. It is not only so at the camps in Fairfax county, where the army is large, but also in other camps. A great deal of sickness is the naturnl consequence. One regiment near Acquia Creek has lost sixty men, and another thirty. The weather has been intensely hot, and the great mortality is attributed by the troops to bad provisions, unsuitable at any time, but more especially during such a season.

The country people, camp traders and sutlers, too, in the neighborhood of Fredericksburg and Acquia Creek, charge the poor fellows most extortionate prices for everything they buy. And not only is the department of subsistence illy managed, but the equally indispensable department, transportation, is also lamentably behind. It was the condition of these two branches of the army, which prevented Gen. Beauregard from advancing to meet McDowell, as he had intended. It was his unpreparedness in these, which prevented him from following the defeated enemy from Manassas. It is these which now paralyze him, prevent a forward movement, and are daily losing for the South the substantial fruits of the great victory. Beauregard has made superhuman exertions, and struggled against terrible and unappreciated difficulties and discouragements. His great determination, and the pluck of his troops, have accomplished wonders. But the Executive *vis inertia* is a huge obstacle to success, and the public interest peremptorily requires that no man, or set of men, should stand in the way.

Sketch of the Life of General Lyon.

Gen. Nathaniel Lyon, who has fallen in battle, was educated at the U. S. Military Academy at West Point, where he graduated with distinction in 1841, and finally rose to the rank of Captain in the second infantry, and by the recent choice of the Missouri volunteers became their Brigadier General. He was in the prime of life as a military commander, being in the 42d year of his age.

His service has been principally upon the frontiers, in the Florida, Texas, California, Oregon, Kansas and other Indian and border wars. He entered the Military Academy as a cadet in June, 1837, and graduated in 1841. On graduating from the Military Academy he received his commission as a Lieutenant in the army, and was at once ordered to join the army in Florida, then operating against the Indians.—After uncomplainingly passing through that most disagreeable campaign among the everglades of Florida, he was stationed for some years at various points on our Western frontier.

Soon after the commencement of hostilities between the United States and Mexico he was ordered to join the northern line of operations under General Taylor, and, after reaching Monterey was soon ordered to join the expedition against Vera Cruz. In the bombardment and capture of that city, and in the severely contested battles of Contreras, Cherubusco, and others which occurred between that place and the City of Mexico, his activity and military skill found full play. He took an active part in each and all of them, and while fighting in the streets in the City of Mexico, near the Belen gate, on the 13th of September, 1847, received a wound from a musket ball. After the conclusion of peace with Mexico he was ordered to Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, preparatory to a contemplated march overland to California. By a change of orders from the War Department his regiment was dispatched by ship around Cape Horn, and reached California soon after its acquisition to the United States.

His stay in California was prolonged beyond that of most of his fellow officers, and his time unceasingly employed in operating among the Indians, subjected to long and tedious marches, constant alarms and frequent skirmishes, living a large portion of the time in tents, and subject to the fatigues and privations incident to a campaign in that new and hitherto unknown country, so far removed from the comforts of civilization. After being relieved from his long service in California, he was again stationed on our Western frontier, serving most of the time in Kansas and Nebraska.

PENALTY OF CORRESPONDENCE WITH REBELS.—The war department has just issued the following important order:

"By the 57th article of the act of Congress, entitled an act for establishing rules and articles for the government of the armies of the United States, approved 10th April, 1806, holding correspondence with or giving intelligence to the enemy either directly or indirectly is made *punishable by death*, or such other punishment as shall be ordered by the sentence of a court-martial. Public safety requires strict enforcement of this article, and it is therefore ordered that all correspondence and communication, verbally or by writing, printing or telegraphing, respecting operations of the army or military movements on land or water, or respecting the troops, camps, arsenals, entrenchments or military affairs, within the several military districts, by which intelligence shall be directly or indirectly given to the enemy, without the authority and sanction of the General in command, be and the same is hereby *absolutely prohibited;* and from and after the date of this order persons violating the same will be proceeded against under the 57th article of war."

REPORTED DEATH OF JEFF. DAVIS.—The N. Y. *Herald* states that dispatches have been received in Washington, from Richmond, via Louisville, announcing the death of this distinguished rebel, and the report seems to be confirmed by the fact that the rebel flags near Washington were displayed at half-mast on Monday.

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ It is stated that Gen. Dix has now the same command that his father held before him in 1812.

☞ The Richmond papers say they miss the Northern mechanics. The railroad track in that city remains unused because no person there can build a passenger car.

☞ The real fighting at Springfield only occupied about forty minutes, at midday. Nearly all those who fell during the engagement were slain in that time.

☞ Accounts from Hayti states that the coffee Crop there promises an unusually large yield; and in view of the fact that the demand from the South is cut off by the blockade, it is not probable that present high rates can be maintained for any long period.

☞ The Richmond correspondent of the Charleston "Mercury" makes some queer statements. He complains that the South stands alone, without the sympathy of any nation on earth, and that the rebel loss at Manassas was greater than ours.

☞ It is announced that Jeff Davis has issued (or is about to issue) a proclamation announcing the admission of Missouri into the Southern Confederacy—recognizing Jackson as Chief Magistrate of that State, and his recent acts and proclamations as valid.

☞ Bayard Taylor, who has been spending the last three months at Goths, Germany, with the relatives of his wife, is expected home by every steamer. Immediately upon his return he will join one of the divisions of the National Army, as the war correspondent of the N. Y. "Tribune."

☞ The celebrated running Indian, Red Jacket, has issued a challenge to run against any pedestrian in England for from $100 to $600 for a distance of from one to ten miles.—He is soon to leave for England for the purpose of putting his challenge into execution.

☞ The Secessionists have so hemmed in East Tennessee that it is scarcely possible for a Unionist to leave the State or to send a letter across the border. Parson Brownlow, when last heard from, was preparing an editorial denouncing the traitors more vehemently than ever.

☞ A noticeable fact in Eastern Virginia is that almost every person is dressed in uniform. Those who wear a citizen's dress are hooted at in the streets, and called "Yankees." The military fever suffers no dimunition, but is kept alive by exaggerated reports of victories and lying statements of Northern atrocities.

☞ Keep out of debt—out of quarrels—out of law—out of politics—out of idleness—out of thin soled shoes—out of damp clothes—out of reach of brandy and water—out of public office—out of matrimony, unless you are in love.—Keep out of these, and you will probably keep out of the devil's clutches.

☞ The greatest modern poetess of England, Mrs. Browning, said before she died, in Florence, last June, when referring to the United States: "It is your transition time—your crisis—but you will come out of the fire purified and stainless, having had the angel of a great cause walking with you in the furnace."

☞ Could anything be more patriotic and more significant than the reply of the President to a New York gentleman who sought to discover his policy with regard to the demand for a change of a part of his Cabinet? "Tell your friends, sir, to make war on the enemy, and not on each other."

☞ The Richmond "Examiner," of the 26th ult., says that the Confederate Congress has decided to repeal the law establishing ports of entry, and throw all the Southern coast trade open to foreign commerce, providing that vessels that run the blockade into sham inlets may pay Confederate duties at the port nearest to where they land.

☞ The heavy guns, most of them 64's, on the three new gun-boats at Cairo, are the same pieces that Floyd had ordered for shipment from the Pittsburgh Arsenal to Memphis, at the time when, some months ago, a strong popular movement of the citizens of Pittsburgh alone prevented such shipment. They are now on board war steamers which are destined for that place.

☞ The New Hampshire *Statesman* says that one of General Fremont's aids was in Concord last week. The object of his visit is understood to have been to provide for the construction of a large lot of wagons arranged for cooking the food of any army on the march. These wagons are like what is used in the French service.—Several of those wagons have already been constructed.

☞ It is proposed to mount the flag staff of our national colors with a carved or cast gilt spread eagle, so that the difference between ours and the rebel flag may be easily distinguished. The idea is a good one and ought to be adopted. The uniform should also be a different color from that of the rebel troops, though many of our regiments, notwithstanding the order to dress in blue, have still the gray uniform dealt out to them.

BISHOP SIMPSON'S PATRIOTISM.—Bishop Simpson recently delivered a sermon on our national crisis in Chicago. It is described as being the most eloquent and overwhelming effort ever made by the Bishop. Thousands heard it and were affected beyond all precedent. No language can describe the grandeur and the emotions of the occasion. At one point in the sermon, and at the fitting close of a most impassioned paragraph, the following noble sentiment was uttered: "We will take our glorious flag—the flag of our country—and nail it *just below the cross!* That is high enough! There let it wave, as it waved of old. Around it let us gather. "First Christ's, then our country's."

A HEROIC WOMAN.—A few evenings ago, whilst a gentleman who lives near Midway, Kentucky, and has a Union flag before his door, was absent, the Secessionists, about twelve or fifteen in number, went to his house, only his wife being at home and commenced cutting down the flag. The noble woman ordered them to leave. They refused. She demanded by what authority they were cutting down the flag. They replied, "By the authority of our captain." She seized a revolver and fired, when the scoundrels fled in consternation, and the victorious heroine, grasping the flag and waving it in the air, gave three cheers for the Union.

Judge Pearson on the National Crisis.

In his charge to the grand jury on the opening of the Lebanon county Court this week, Judge Pearson, speaking on our present national conflict, and the laws relating to the duties of the citizens concerning the same, instructed them, in substance, as follows:

You are well aware, gentlemen, that the Government of the country is now engaged in a great struggle with rebellion. A very considerable portion of the States of this Union have risen against the laws, endeavored to throw off their allegiance, and are now in open arms, with a view of subverting and destroying the Constitution and Government of the United States. This is no mere party contest, such as has frequently agitated our country, to be ultimately settled at the ballot-box, but a great struggle for national existence, to be determined by force of arms alone. It is scarcely necessary for me to remind a true and loyal people, like those of Lebanon county, of their duty as citizens in such a contest, and to say that they are bound by their allegiance and interest not only to do no act and utter no word or sentiment calculated to embarrass the Government in its action, but to render all the assistance in their power to aid it in carrying on the war so unjustly forced upon it. To levy war against the United States, or adhere to the enemy in time of war, giving them aid and comfort, is high treason, but this crime can be tried only in the Federal courts.

Treason may also be committed against the State of Pennsylvania by the same acts, or any endeavor to subvert and overturn the Government and over that offence you and we have jurisdiction. But the law to which I particularly wish to direct your attention as having a more practical bearing on the action of the people in the present exigency, was passed at the last session of the Legislature, and should be known and understood by all, lest any might transgress unwittingly. The act punishes with great severity the aiding or abetting the enemy now at war with the United States, by joining their armies or procuring any one so to do, or furnishing them any article for their aid and comfort, carrying on a correspondence with them, or giving them any intelligence whatever. It also prohibits, under like penalty, every endeavor to dissuade persons from entering the service of this State or of the United States, or from joining any volunteer company or association about being mustered into service, to induce or endeavor to persuade them to abandon or withdraw from the same.

Every resident of Pennsylvania who is protected by its laws, must abstain from uttering, writing or printing anything with the view and purpose or which may have the effect of preventing others from entering the armies of the State or Nation, or may induce others already entered to desert their colors and abandon the service. We all most highly prize the liberty of speech and freedom of the press, yet, at a time like this, when great calamities may be impending over the Nation, the rules of morality, our allegiance and duty alike require that we shall abstain from doing any act or uttering any word or sentiment calculated to show that our councils are divided, whereby the hand of the enemy is strengthened and that of the Government weakened, and such act is well calculated to give aid and comfort to the enemy; and writing, printing or advised speaking before the people against the action of the National Government, directly tends to induce those in the service to leave it, and those about to enter, to change their intentions. Persons violating these plain duties may readily bring themselves within the penalty of the law; and if the Grand Jury, or any one of them, know of this statute having been transgressed, it is your bounden duty to present the transgressors, so that they may receive punishment according to their demerits.

General Dix Foils a "Secesh" Game.

The Baltimore *Clipper* of Saturday says:

"It will be remembered that on last Wednesday morning the steamer Hugh Jenkins was advertised to visit Point Lookout on an excursion. From information received, General Dix was satisfied that the object of the Hugh Jenkins in visiting Point Lookout was for purposes other than that of a pleasure excursion. He accordingly notified the getters up of the excursion that the boat could not leave the city unless accompanied by a company of Col. Duryea's Zouaves. After considerable delay, the parties who chartered the boat consented to the proposal of the General and the boat left her wharf, having on board sixty-five soldiers, seven police officers under command of Lieutenant Carmichael, and about twenty-five excursionists.

"Nothing of interest transpired on the way down, except that a passenger named McElwee expressed himself rather freely relative to the topics of the day, and made a boast that he would kill the Captain (Griffin) of the boat before landing at Point Lookout. McElwee was immediately placed in charge of a file of Zouaves, and his movements closely watched until the boat landed at her destination. McElwee was then sent ashore, and nothing more was heard of him. Upon arriving at Point Lookout, a negro informed Lieutenant Carmichael that during the day three hundred rebels had quitted the place in schooners and proceeded to Virginia—the rebels having heard that a large force of Federalists were approaching the place.

"Considerable surprise was manifested at the Point when the boat arrived, as it was understood that the boat, instead of being filled with Federal soldiers, would bring down several hundred recruits for the Southern army, and the boat would be sold to the Confederates.—The chagrin of the Secessionists, when they discovered how they had been outgeneraled, was amusing in the extreme. They denounced our police as being intermeddlers in a business which did not concern them, and expressed themselves in so many other shapes that we feel certain the poor fellows will not recover from the disappointment in a long time. The programme appeared to be, that when the boat landed at Point Lookout she was to be seized, provided with cannon, and be despatched on a privateering expedition.

REBEL HATRED OF THE GERMANS.—A gentleman who spent several days in the vicinity of Springfield states that he mingled freely with both officers and men in the rebel army. They admit that our troops, in the Springfield battle, all fought with astonishing bravery and tenacity. After the fight commenced, General Price, who is a portly man of fifty years, with gray hair, rode along his lines, addressing his men: "Now, boys, here are the d——d Dutch you have all been so anxious to meet; you see I am not afraid of them; show them how you can fight." They claim that Price exhibited great bravery in the field, and was not afflicted with any return of his Boonville distemper. The rebels firmly believe that our loss is 2,500.—They claim a great victory, but find it difficult to explain the fact that they were unable to pursue our army when it retired. Some attribute it to their running out of ammunition; others say that Price favored pursuit, but McCulloch would not permit it for fear of being drawn into a trap.

ARMY NURSES UNIFORM.—The style of dress which the Military (not Millinery) Board, has ordered the army nurses to wear is thus described: The color is bright brown; no crinoline; dress reaches half-way between the knee and ancle; upper sleeve loose, gathered at the wrist; pantalettes same color, wide, but gathered tight around the ancles; black hat, with plumes or feathers of same color; feet dressed in Morocco boots.

KISSING BY A REGIMENT.—The Webster, Massachusetts, "Times" relates the following incident of the return of the Sixth regiment:—"The engine halted for water at the North Village, and as the girls of Slater's mills had congregated upon the lawn between the mill and the railroad track, the soldiers flocked from the cars and occupied the few minutes of the halt in most prolonged and indiscriminate kissing, to which the blushing girls submitted with a commendable and becoming grace."

WHY BERRETT WAS ARRESTED.—We learn from Washington that the *real* cause of Mayor Berrett's arrest was his disclosure to the rebels of a plan formed by McClellan of making a reconnoisance in force into Virginia, and surrounding Gen. Johnson's six thousand men with a much larger force. If this be true, we can account for the late sudden retreat of the rebels in that neighborhood. They feared the attack thus disclosed to them.

☞ Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement in our paper. Read it; it will interest you.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To Consumptives.

And those afflicted with

DYSPEPSIA,
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
HEART DISEASE,
FEVER & AGUE, OR
CONSTIPATION.

The undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for years devoted his time to curing his Parishoners and the poor in New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry thousands and thousands to an untimely grave: he has seldom failed to cure all who have applied to him for relief, and believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve those abroad, as well as at home, he will send to those who require it, a copy of Prescriptions used, (Free of Charge,) with directions for preparing and using the same. Also rules on Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the Sick, they will find these remedies a sure cure for Consumption, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and Ague, Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one afflicted will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and those suffering should apply before it is too late. These Prescription are used by the most eminent Physicians in London, Paris, and New York. Those wishing them will please address REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN.
Nov. 15,'60.-1y. Williamsburgh, New York.

Dr. Velpeau's Cankerine.

DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Putrid Sore Mouth.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sore Nipples.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Cuts.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Burns.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Sores.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Chapped Lips.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Ulcerated Gums.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE is the best Purifier of the Breath of anything known.
DR. VELPEAU'S CANKERINE cures Canker in Mouth, Throat, or Stomach, resulting from Scarlatina or Typhus Fevers.

Ladies, if you delight in pearl white teeth, use the CANKERINE, and your desires will be realized. We pledge our word that it is entirely free from acids and all poisonous substances, and can be given to an infant with perfect safety. It will preserve the teeth and keep the gums free from ulcers. It is equally efficacious for nursing sore mouths. In all the thousands remedies that have been put forth for the cure of the various diseases above, none can equal the Cankerine. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents per bottle. J. BURRILL & CO.
Proprietors, 63 Maiden Lane, N. Y.
For sale in Altoona, by G. W. KESSLER.

☞ Even those who are in the enjoyment of perfect health frequently have need to have recourse to tonics as preventives of disease. We are never too well armored against the assaults of "the ills that flesh is heir to."—Such an invigorator they may find in HOSTETTER'S BITTERS—a medicine that cannot be taken regularly without giving vitality and elasticity to the system. At this season, particularly, the strongest man is not proof against the malaria, in certain sections of the country. In all cases of fever and ague, the BITTERS is more potent than amount of quinine, while the most dangerous cases of bilious fever yield to its wonderful properties. Those who have tried the medicine will never use another, for any of the ailments which the Hostetter Bitters professes to subdue. To those who have not made the experiment, we cordially recommend an early application to the Bitters, whenever they are stricken by diseases of the digestive organs. ☞ Sold by druggists and dealers everywhere.

☞ See advertisement in another column.

☞ We take great pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator, in another column of our paper. It is seldom we take any notice of patent medicines, but we cannot refrain from speaking of this Cordial, and do justice to the afflicted as well as ourselves. We have watched the progress of this Cordial since its first introduction to the public, and we are satisfied that there is nothing in use for cleaning the system and renovating the blood, that can be compared with Prof. Wood's Cordial.—Any one suffering from general debility, after using one bottle will see its beneficial effects. We have a long acquaintance with the proprietor, and know him to be skilled in the science of medicine; and anything compounded by him the public can rely upon as being just what it is recommended. We would advise all sick or well to get a bottle. It is pleasant to the taste, and exhilarating to the system. But we refrain from further comments, as any one, after using one bottle, will be satisfied as to its efficacy.

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, &c. The only object of the advertiser in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription will please address,
REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburgh,
Oct. 4, '60.—1y. Kings County, New York

A Card to the Suffering.

The Rev. Wm. Cosgrove, while laboring as a missionary in Japan, was cured of Consumption, when all other means had failed, by a recipe obtained from a learned physician residing in the great city of Jeddo. This recipe has cured great numbers who were suffering from Consumption, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Coughs and Colds, and the debility and nervous depression caused by these disorders.

Desirous of benefitting others, I will send this recipe, which I brought home with me, to all who need it, free of charge.
Address
REV. WM. COSGROVE.
439, Fulton Avenue,
Brooklyn, N. Y.

☞ THE GREAT CLOTHING EMPORIUM OF THE UNION.—Philadelphia possesses the most splendid Clothing Emporium in the country. It is splendid as regards the palatial structure in which the immense business of the establishment is conducted, and it is equally splendid in respect to its great facilities and vast resources. But to its patrons its chief attractions are, first, the elegance of the garments for Gentlemen and Youths, manufactured there; secondly, the beauty and durability of the materials, and the superior excellence of the fit, and lastly the moderate prices at which the goods are sold. We refer, in this description, to none other than the Brown Stone Clothing Hall of Rockhill & Wilson, Nos. 603 and 605 Chestnut St. above Sixth, Philadelphia.

☞ We invite special attention to the advertisement of Prof. Wood's *Restorative Cordial and Blood Renovator*, in another column. For weakness and general debility there is nothing like it; it will strengthen, exhilarate, create an appetite at once, regulate the bilious system, aid digestion and in short, restore the weakened organs to all their original vigor and strength. So valuable a Tonic Cordial should be in the hands of every invalid and in every family. Reader, try it.

ESSING BY A REGIMENT.—The Webster, Massachusetts, "Times" relates the following ...ent of the return of the Sixth regiment:— ...e engine halted for water at the North Vil... and as the girls of Slatersville had con... upon the lawn between the hill and ...road track, the soldiers flocked from the ...and occupied the few minutes of the halt ...st prolonged and indiscriminate kissing, to ...the blushing girls submitted with a com... dable and becoming grace."

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And those afflicted with

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NERVOUS DEBILITY,
HEART DISEASE,
FEVER & AGUE, OR
CONSTIPATION.

...undersigned, now seventy-five years old, has for ...devoted his time to curing his Parishioners and the ...New York of these dreadful complaints, which carry ...nds and thousands to an untimely grave; he has ...failed to cure all who have applied to him for re... ...d believing it to be a Christian's duty to relieve ...road, as well as athome, he will send to those who ... it, a copy of Prescriptions used, (Free of Charge), ...irections for preparing and using the same. Also ...n Diet, Bathing, Ventilation, and Exercise for the ...ey will find these remedies a sure cure for Consump... ...d all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, Fever and ...Constipation, Heart Disease, Dyspepsia, Nervous ...- and Female Complaints, and he hopes every one ... will send for a copy, as it will cost nothing, and ...uffering should apply before it is too late. These ...ptions are used by the most eminent Physicians in ...Paris and New York. Those wishing them will ...ddress REV. DR. CHAMBERLAIN, ...Williamsburgh, New York. ...ly.

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Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.
MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way	10 40	A. M.
Western Way	7 00	"
Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and 6 00	P. M.
Western Through	6 00	P. M.
Eastern Through	7 20	"

MAILS ARRIVE.

Hollidaysburg	7 00 A. M. and 6 20	P. M.
Western Through	4 40	A. M.
Eastern Through	7 10	"
Western Way	11 00	A. M.
Eastern Way	6 30	P. M.

OFFICE HOURS:—During the week, from 6 45 till 7 30 P. M. On Sundays, from 6 45 till 7 45 A. M.
JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.
ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 10, 1861.

Express Train East arrives	4.40	A.M.,	leaves 4.45	A. M.
" " West	" 7.10	A. M.	" 7.30	A. M.
Fast " East	" 8.30	P. M.	" 8.50	P. M.
" " West	" 7.55	P. M.,	" 8.10	P. M.
Mail " East	" 11.00	A. M.	" 11.20	A. M.
" " West	" 6.30	P. M.,	" 6.50	P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West, and Mail Train East and West.
INDIANA BRANCH TRAINS connect with Johnstown Accommodation Trains East and West, Express West, and Fast Line and Mail train East and West.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Sword Presentation.

It having been ascertained that the Rev. R. W. Oliver, Rector of St. Luke's Episcopal Church, of this place, was commissioned as Chaplain in the Army of the U. S. and would leave early this week, a number of Masonic and personal friends assembled in the Masonic Hall for the purpose of bidding him farewell and presenting him with a testimonial of their respect and esteem. The meeting being called to order and Mr. Oliver being introduced, the Chairman made a few brief remarks upon the circumstances which had brought them together, and concluded by announcing that Dr. W. R. Findley had been selected to give expression to their feelings on the occasion. The Dr., advancing from the side of the Hall and bearing a beautiful sword, sash and belt, addressed him as follows:—

Reverend Sir and Beloved Brother:

Your brethren of the Masonic order, and other of your personal friends outside of that "mystic circle," have heard with the highest gratification that you have been commissioned, by our Government, a Chaplain in the Federal army.

Most assuredly, sir, to serve in that army, in any position, is sufficient *and ought* to fill the measure of the ambition of any properly instructed lover of his country. For, since time began, never has there been organized an army to which was entrusted such momentous interests and responsibilities for mankind, as that army which is now presided over by him whom we delight to call "the greatest living General." To that army, under God, is entrusted the mighty work of maintaining that Federal Union and that Constitution of Government which alone can insure civil and religious liberty to our people, and which alone have been and must continue to be a beacon-light of refuge to the oppressed and down-trodden people of the Old World.

It is, sir, of the utmost importance that the citizen soldiers composing this army, accustomed, at their homes, to worship God and receive religious instruction, statedly, on the Sabbath day, and to enjoy the consolations of the appointed ministers of God, in their hours of sorrow, sickness and death, should not be deprived of these spiritual comforts while far from home, and fighting the battles of liberty and religion.

To you, sir, most fitly, has been assigned a part in this benificent work; and to you, we feel assured, we may look confidently for an example which will put to silence those who foolishly oppose the appointment of religious counsellors for the soldiers.

Pardon me, sir, while I say that very high qualifications are necessary to constitute an efficient Army Chaplain. First, and above all, profound and ardent piety, and entire devotion to the "Great Captain of Salvation" and everything else subsidiary to his service. And then the Chaplain should be upright, off hand, with neither drawl nor twang in his voice, nor cant in his speech, nor that sort of odor of sanctity which is often carried like the perfume of a handkerchief, and which the dullest sense never mistakes for anything natural.

The Chaplain should make himself acquainted personally with every man in his regiment, and win his regard and respect, by being interested, not merely in his spiritual condition, but in his health, physical comforts and amusements.—The less religion is made to appear the Chaplain's trade, and the more he acts the part of a genial friend and adviser, proving in himself the operation of christianity upon character, the more certainly will he accomplish the purposes of his office. Himself setting the example of bearing exposure and fatigue, and of cheerfully enduring a soldier's life, its privations and its dangers, he can consistently urge them to do so. Thus to a commanding officer he would be an invaluable aid—securing discipline from an intelligent and conscientious understanding of its necessity; and many a soldier, instead of leaving the army a grade lower in the moral scale than when he entered it, would return to the peaceful pursuits of the citizen, a better man in all respects. Is not such a service worthy of the Christian minister's highest ambition and most strenuous efforts? We feel well assured, my beloved brother, that this will be your ambition and effort.

Heretofore, in your peaceful and holy vocation, you have wielded *only* the spiritual sword. In your new position you will accompany your regiment to the field of battle, to afford the consolations of religion to the wounded and dying—to hear the last message and close the eyes dimmed by the last, mysterious, unknown agony. But while doing so you may be placed in such peril from the enemy as to require the aid of a material weapon; and that you may be properly prepared and armed for such an emergency, I am appointed by your friends to present you this sword, confident that it will never be drawn or wielded, but in the cause of Justice and Right and the Christian religion; and that you will remember, what you have elsewhere been taught, that if ever you shall find yourself over a disarmed and prostrate foe, "its point shall trend downwards."

Upon receiving the sword Bro. Oliver thanked the donors as well as his feelings would permit. He was much overcome by emotion, but said that in tendering his services to the Government he was acting under what he conscientiously believed to be a sense of duty; he believed that at this time, when our Government was about being overthrown and our flag dishonored, it was the imperative duty of every one to step forth, and, by every means that God has given him, uphold that Government and protect that flag. He alluded to the length of time he had been a resident of this place, and to the many attachments he had formed among the citizens, assuring them that though far away his mind would oft revert back to the many friends he had left behind. The smoke of battle could not obscure from his mind's eye the remembrance of the familiar faces now around him, nor the thunder of artillery drive from his recollection those kind words of affectionate regard just spoken by friends, tried, true and trusty; he should ever remember them; and no matter how arduous his duties might be, their welfare and happiness should be a matter of daily supplication at his Master's throne

He alluded to the sword, and remarked that he trusted he would never be called upon to use it, except as a badge of a soldier, but that, should the necessity arise—should, in God's providence, the time come when he should be compelled to draw it, he would endeavor to make such a use of it that the donors would not be ashamed of their gift.

In conclusion, he understood full well the meaning of the Dr.'s last remark. He would endeavor to live up to those sublime charges and teachings of the Knights of the Temple: and, having done so, would have the satisfaction of believing that he had done his whole duty to his God, his Country and himself.

Each one present then proceeded, personally, to take an affectionate farewell of him, and the meeting then adjourned.

REGULATION UNIFORMS.—Officers frequently arrive in Washington wearing emblems not authorized. The army regulations, issued by the War Department, requires:—First. That general officers and officers of the General staff—the General staff embracing the officers of the Adjutant General's Inspector General's Quartermaster General's subsistence, and other General departments—wear a button having a spread eagle and stars, and a plain border. Second. General officers are to wear no trimming on their trowsers. Third. Officers of the General Staff and Staff Corps—the Staff Corps comprising Engineers, Topographical Engineers and Ordnance—are required to wear a gold cord one eighth of an inch in diameter, let into the outer seam. Shoulder straps for all of the foregoing to be on dark blue cloth. Fourth. Officers of artillery, infantry, riflemen, dragoons and cavalry, and their regimental staff, wear a button similar in shape to the staff button, without the stars or border, and with a letter on the shield to designate the arm of service. Fifth. The colors of cloth for officers' shoulder straps and cord for trowsers, are required to be as follows:—artillery, scarlet; infantry, light or sky blue; riflemen, medium or Emerald green; dragoons, orange; cavalry, yellow.

ADJOURNED COURT.—Judge Taylor held an Argument Court in this place last week, during the sitting of which the two *gentlemen* (Daughinbaugh and Kays) convicted of larceny at the July Sessions, were sentenced to the penitentiary, the former for three years and the latter for fifteen months. The prisoners were taken to Alleghony City, on Thursday, by Sheriff Funk, who informs us that the officers of the prison were much pleased to see them—especially Daughinbaugh, with whom they were well acquainted, he having already served two terms in their institution and one in the Eastern Penitentiary.—*Standard.*

SEND NO INFERIOR MEN.—Recruiting agents should be careful to send on no inferior specimens of humanity for soldiers. The cause is worthy of our best men. On arriving at Washington all recruits are subjected to a medical examination, and all who do not pass the test are unceremoniously rejected. This is imperatively necessary. Otherwise the ranks of the army would be burdened with men who would be of no earthly use. As it is, it would be impossible to find a finer body of men, physically speaking, in the world, than those composing the army of the Potomac.

FALSE REPORT.—Whereas, some evil disposed person has circulated a report that the Company under Capt. Henry Wayne has been disbanded and his men placed in other Companies, I desire to say that such is not the case. The company is filling up rapidly and will be attached to the Regiment of Col. Power.

GEORGE H. GWIN,
Altoona, Sept 4. *2d Lieutenant.*

GOOD FRUIT JARS.—Fruit being scarce this year, we advise our readers to embrace the first opportunity to procure whatever can be had in the market, and then go to R. A. O. Keer's and purchase the celebrated Rockingham Fruit Jars which are now acknowledged to be far superior to either tin or glass, as they are much easier kept clean and are proof against rust.

SOLDIER DEAD.—Luther Gibboney, of Capt. Holland's Company, 14th Penna Regiment, died at his father's residence in Duncansville, last week. His disease was fever, contracted while in the army. His remains were followed to the grave by a large concourse of people, including the military.—*Whig, 27th ult.*

BOQUET.—Miss Ellie will please accept the thanks of the Junior for that magnificent boquet received a few enenings since. Flowers are emblems of innocence, and we regard a presentation of them as a compliment.

Proceedings of Council.

A regular meeting of Council was held August 5th, 1861.

Present.—A. A. Smyth, R. Greenwood, Daniel Laughman and N. J. Mervine.

Committee appointed to make a settlement with the Gas and Water Company, reported progress.

On motion, an order was granted to L. W. Hall, Esq., for services rendered in the year 1860, as attorney for the board, for $50.

On motion, an order for $43.18 was granted to Messrs. McCrum & Dern for printing from July 11th, 1860, to July 12th, 1861.

On motion, an order for $2.87½ was granted to Marshal McCormick for hauling for the Borough.

The following orders for labor on streets were also granted: One to W. W. Snyder for $32 50, one to John Haney for $17.00, one to John McCormick for $23.25, one to Daniel Coyle for $25.00 and one to Charles Meloy for $26.00.

On motion, an order for $337.98 was granted to the Penn'a Rail Road Company for half the cost of building sewer, as per contract.

Adjourned to meet on the first Monday in September, 1861.—*Extract from the Minutes.*

Wholesale Embezzlement.

For some time past the managers of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Rail-road have had reason to believe that the Conductors in their employ made a practice of embezzeling a great portion of the money received as fare from passengers on their respective trains. Measures were instituted at once for the detection of the guilty parties, and after a great deal of patient watching the company was put in possession of certain facts which left no doubt that the suspicion entertained of their dishonesty was in the main correct. From testimony obtained in this way it became evident to the company that six at least of the conductors running to Crestline had indulged in the "knocking down" game to a liberal extent, and desirous of putting an end to a system under which the company lost so much, and of bringing the alleged guilty parties to justice, T. D. Messler, Auditor of the Road made information before Alderman Nicholson charging them with embezzlement in appropriating to their own use certain moneys, the property of the company.

Alderman Nicholson, as soon as possible after the complaint was made, issued warrants for the arrest of the accused, which were entrusted to officer Sharpe for execution, Messrs Ross, Sherburne ane Jenkins were taken into custody to day, and gave bail in $500 on each charge for their appearance for further hearing some time this week. The balance of the accused are yet at large, but it is probable that they will enter bail for their appearance this evening or to-morrow. Besides the parties proceeded against, here, a number of arrests were made on the other end of the line, and the prisoners sent to Chicago for trial. The parties were all passenger conductors, and previous to their arrest bore an excellent character. It is needless to say that the defendants both here and at Chicago, deny their guilt *in toto*, and state that when the time comes they have no doubt about being able to make their innocence manifest.—We trust for their own sake they may, but from the nature of the evidence against them, and the pains which the company must have taken to ferret out their peculations, it looks as if they were to have an up hill job of it.—*Pittsburgh Chronicle, 30th ult.*

TO MY FELLOW CITIZENS:—I hereby announce myself as an Independent Candidate for the office of Sheriff of Blair County, and if elected will endeavor to discharge the duties of said office faithfully.

FRANCIS McCOY.
Hollidaysburg, Aug. 15, 1861.-te.

DIED.

Near Williamsburg, August 14th, MARGARET FOCHT, wife of George Focht, aged 75 years, 11 months and 5 days.

In Williamsburg, on the 22d, of august, JACOB DUCK, aged 71 years, 5 months, and 25 days.

In Williamsburg, august 23d, ANNA ELIZABETH, child of John and Mary J. Hoover, aged 2 years, 11 months and 13 days.

In Williamsburg, August 27th, BERRYHILL, son of Joseph Higgins, aged 10 years, 1 month, and 11 days.

In Williamsburg August 31st, HENRIETTA ELIZABETH, infant Daughter of Harrison and Margaret Gorsuch, aged 5 months and 26 days.

BOARDING.—A few respectable Men will be furnished with Boarding by JOS. HASLETT, on Branch street, opposite the Machine Shops. Sept. 5.—1t

FRUIT & ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, ROSES, BUDS, &C., from Silas Boardman's celebrated ROCHESTER NURSERIES.

The undersigned has been appointed an Agent for the sale of the above-named articles. Persons wishing any of them will do well to call and examine the catalogue.

☞ All orders will be promptly attended to.

Altoona, Aug 27, 1861.-4t* J. G. ADLUM, *Agent.*

WANTED.
100 MOUNTAINEERS ARE WANTED to [illegible] for the United States. Liberal wages given. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER, Aug 22 1861 Altoona, Pa.

Outbreak in East Ward!
"UP, GUARDS! AND AT 'EM!"
We don't want you to kill any body, but we want you to get up and go at and carry away some of the choice

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, CONFECTIONARIES,
Cigars, Tobacco and other Articles,
just opened to the public, by
WILLIAM S. PERCIVAL,
at their Store-room on the corner of the alley above Ickes' building, in East Altoona. They will keep constantly on hand a good supply of all kinds of Groceries and Confectionaries, Cigars and Tobacco of the best quality, all kinds of Provisions, such as Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, Flour, Feed, etc. etc.
They invite a call and a trial of their goods, feeling confident that they can please both in quality and price.
Aug 8, 1861-tf

THE HEROES OF PEACE,
AND
The Heroes of War.
E. ANTHONY, 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, is now publishing, in addition to other portraits, the celebrated collection known in Europe and America as
Brady's National Photographic Portrait Gallery,
in which is included Portraits of nearly all the PROMINENT MEN OF AMERICA, not excepting Jeff. Davis, Gen. Beauregard, Floyd, and a host of other confederates. Price of Portraits $3.00 per dozen. Can be sent by mail.
Scenes of the War for the Union,
are published, card size, and in stereoscopic form,
ALSO,
Stereoscopic Views of Scenes in Paris, London, and in other parts of England and France; in Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Holland, Switzerland, Spain, on the Rhine, in Athens, Egypt, Turkey, the Holy Land, China, India, Cuba, &c., *ad infinitum.*
Our Instantaneous Stereoscopic Views
Are the Greatest Wonder of the Age.
These are taken in the fortieth part of a second, and the rushing of water, the moving of leaves, or the march of an army, does not in the slightest degree affect the taking of these views. They are sold for $3.00 per dozen.
We have also on hand and manufacture the largest assortment of Stereoscopes, Photographic Albums, and Photographic Materials in the United States, and perhaps in the world.
CATALOGUES, containing lists of our Portraits, Views, Stereoscopes, &c., sent free by mail, on receipt of a stamp.
E. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway,
Aug8-1y near St. Nicholas, New York.

THE ROOT & HERB DOCTOR,
FROM PHILADELPHIA,
WHO HAS HAD 30 YEARS CONSTANT practice, can be consulted at the Altoona House, Mr. John Wood's, viz.:—*On the 7th of June, the 8th of July, and the 7th of August*—he will then vacate for 3 months. Notice will be given in this paper when he commences his Winter's Term again.
He treats all diseases that flesh is heir to. He invites all females who may be suffering with diseases peculiar to their sex, to call and examine his new mode of treatment, as thousands have been restored to health who have been abandoned by others. He is in possession of perfect instruments for sounding the lungs and chest and is therefore able to determine the exact condition of the vital organs—consequently can treat such complaints with greater safety and certainty than it is possible for those who guess at the disease and experiment for its cure. He believes that for every malady, there is found in our soil a sure and never-failing remedy.
Patients can receive treatment for $5 per month, except in cases of Cancers and Tumors, they vary from $10 to $100. Examination free. DR. W. LEVINGSTON.
N. B.—See Handbills. [May 8, '61.

COAL.
NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscribir would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train, Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.
☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard. H. R. MYERS.
July 25, 1861.-tf.

BŒRHAVE'S
HOLLAND BITTERS

THE CELEBRATED HOLLAND REMEDY FOR
DYSPEPSIA,
DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS,
LIVER COMPLAINT,
WEAKNESS OF ANY KIND,
FEVER AND ACUE,
And the various affections consequent upon a disordered
STOMACH OR LIVER,
Such as Indigestion, Acidity of the Stomach, Colicky Pains, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Despondency, Costiveness, Blind and Bleeding Piles. In all Nervous, Rheumatic, and Neuralgic Affections, it has in numerous instances proved highly beneficial, and in others effected a decided cure.
This is a purely vegetable compound, prepared on strictly scientific principles, after the manner of the celebrated Holland Professor, Boerhave. Its reputation at home produced its introduction here, the demand commencing with those of the Fatherland scattered over the face of this mighty country, many of whom brought with them and handed down the tradition of its value. *It is now offered to the American public, knowing that its truly wonderful medicinal virtues must be acknowledged.*
It is particularly recommended to those persons whose constitutions may have been impaired by the continuous use of ardent spirits, or other forms of dissipation. Generally instantaneous in effect, it finds its way directly to the seat of life, thrilling and quickening every nerve, raising up the drooping spirit, and, in fact, infusing new health and vigor in the system.
NOTICE.—Whoever expects to find this a beverage will be disappointed; but to the sick, weak and low spirited, it will prove a grateful aromatic cordial, possessed of singular remedial properties.
READ CAREFULLY!
The Genuine highly concentrated Boerhave's Holland Bitters is put up in half-pint bottles only, and retailed at ONE DOLLAR per bottle, or six bottles for FIVE DOLLARS. The great demand for this truly celebrated Medicine has induced many imitations, which the public should guard against purchasing.
☞ Beware of Imposition. See that our name is on the label of every bottle you buy.
Sold by Druggists generally. It can be forwarded by Express to most points.
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
BENJAMIN PAGE, JR. & CO.
MANUFACTURING
Pharmaceutists and Chemists,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona.
April 18, 1860—1anly.

DIRECT FROM NEW YORK.
R. O. A. KERR
HAS JUST RETURNED FROM New York city with a beautiful assortment of
SPRING & SUMMER GOODS
FOR THE LADIES,
consisting in part of
Tout De Ete, Japanese,
Pekho Stripe, De Cheeres,
Irish Poplins, Ducals,
Lavellas, Polards,
Crape De Lege, Lavens. Silks, &c.
INDIAN SILK SHAWLS,
a beautiful article, cheap and fashionable.
STELLA AND PRINTED SHAWLS.
A large assortment of the prettiest PRINTS ever brought to the town, so acknowledged by competent judges.
Ladies' Trimmings in endless variety.
He calls special attention to his beautiful assortment of
QUEENSWARE,
which is acknowledged to be the most complete of any in the town, and sold at prices defying competition. Iron Stone sets for $4.50—Tea Sets for $3.00.
BOOTS AND SHOES,
directly from New York, and bought from first hands,
BRUSSELS, ALL WOOL INGRAIN, LIST, HEMP AND RAG CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS from 1 to 2 yards wide.
His stock of
GROCERIES
is complete in every respect, and will be sold at as low a figure as any house this side of the city.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES
at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. Good Carriages for $4.00 and $4.50, and Spring Carriages for $5.00, just as good as heretofore sold for $8.00.
Wooden and Willow Ware
in almost every variety, together with all the outfit of a first class store. [May 9, 1861-tf

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING
MACHINES.
R. A. O. KERR,
ALTOONA, PA.,
Agent for Blair County.
WHEELER & WILSON'S
THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,
Over 14,000 More
of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.
The Agent refers those desiring information as to superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. H. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.
The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.
Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45 [March 21, 1861-tf.

DR. CALDERWOOD offers his Professional Services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity. Office on *Virginia Street*, nearly opposite C. J. Mann's Store.
REFERENCES:
J. B. LUDEN, M. D., Huntingdon.
JNO McCULLOCH, M. D., "
H. T. COFFEY, " Pittsburgh.
Rev. J. B. CHRIST, Birmingham.
Rev. THOMAS STEVENSON, Tyrone City.
JACOB BURLEY, "
C. GEYER, "
W. BURLEY, "
M. H. JOLLY, "
Altoona, May 9th, 1861-1y*

Lyon City College
$25,00
Pays the entire cost for Tuition in the most popular and successful Commercial School in the Country. Upward of twelve hundred young men from twenty-eight different States, have been educated for business here within the past three years, some of whom have been employed as Book Keepers at salaries of
$2000,00 per Annum,
immediately upon graduating, who knew nothing of accounts when they entered the College.
☞ Minister's sons half price. Students enter at any time, and review when they please, without extra charge.
For Catalogue of 84 pages, Specimens of Prof. Cowley's Business and Ornamental Penmanship, and a large engraving of the College, inclose twenty-five cents in Postage Stamps to the Principals,
JENKINS & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Altoona, Jan. 21, '61-1y.

THE
ONLY PREPARATION
WORTHY OF
Universal Confidence and Patronage.
FOR STATESMEN, JUDGES, CLERGYMEN,
Ladies and Gentlemen, in all parts of the world testify to the efficacy of Prof. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, and gentlemen of the Press are unanimous in its praise. A few testimonials only can be here given; see circular for more, and it will be impossible for you to doubt.
47 Wall street, New York, Dec. 20, 1860.
GENTLEMEN:—Your note of the 15th inst., has been received, saying that you had heard that I had been benefitted by the use of Wood's Hair Restorative, and requesting my certificate of the fact if I had no objection to give it.
I award it to you cheerfully, because I think it due. My age is about 50 years: the color of my hair auburn, and inclined to curl. Some five or six years since it began to turn gray, and the scalp on the crown of my head to lose its sensibility and dandruff to form upon it. Each of these disagreeabilities increased with time, and about 4 months since a fourth was added to them, by hair falling off the top of my head and threatening to make me bald.
In this unpleasant predicament, I was induced to try Wood's Hair Restorative, mainly to arrest the falling off of my hair, for I had really no expectation that gray hair could ever be restored to its original color except from dyes. I was, however, greatly surprised to find after the use of two bottles only, that not only was the falling off arrested, but the color was restored to the gray hairs and sensibility to the scalp, and dandruff ceased to form on my head, very much to the gratification of my wife, at whose solicitation I was induced to try it.
For this, among the many obligations I owe to her sex, I strongly recommend all husbands who value the admiration of their wives to profit by my example, and use it if growing gray or getting bald.
Very respectfully,
BEN. A. LAVENDER.
To O J Wood & Co., 444 Broadway, New York.
My family are absent from the city, and I am no longer at No. 11 Carroll Place.
Sizmaston, Ala., July 20th, 1859.
To Prof. O J Wood: Dear Sir—Your Hair Restorative has done my hair so much good since I commenced the use of it, that I wish to make known to the PUBLIC of its effects on the hair, which are great. A man or woman may be nearly deprived of hair, and by a resort to your "Hair Restorative," the hair will return more beautiful than ever: at least this is my experience. Believe it all!
Yours truly. WM. H. KENEDY.
P. S.—You can publish the above if you like. By publishing in our Southern papers you will get more patronage south. I sevveral of your certificates in the Mobile *Mercury*, a strong Southern paper. W H KENEDY.
WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.
Prof. O J Wood: Dear Sir—Having had the misfortune to lose the best portion of my hair, from the effects of the yellow fever, in New Orleans in 1853, I was induced to make a trial of your preparation, and found it to answer as the very thing needed. My hair is now thick and glossy, and no words can express my obligations to you in giving to the afflicted such a treasure. FINLEY JOHNSON.
The Restorative is put up in bottles of three sizes, viz: large, medium, and small: the small holds ½ a pint, and retails for one dollar per bottle; the medium holds at least twenty per cent. more in proportion than the small, retails for two dollars per bottle; the large holds a quart, 40 per cent. more in proportion, and retails for $3.
O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors, 444 Broadway, New York, and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.
For sale in Altoona by A. ROUSH and G. W. KESSLER, Agents, and all good Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
July 1st, 1861-1yeow

Cheap! Cheaper!! Cheapest!!!
HUZZA FOR NORTH WARD.—The undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Altoona and the surrounding country that he has rented the store room formerly occupied by Jacob Burkhart, on Virginia street, near A. McCormick's store, where he is about opening a
Grocery, Flour, Feed and Provision Store.
He has just returned from the East where he has been selecting his groceries with great care and buying exclusively for cash, which enables him to sell as low, if not a little lower, than any house in the place. He would therefore say to all who wish a good article of groceries, and at a low figure, to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
His stock consists of
Hats and Caps, Men and Women's Shoes, Notions of all kinds.
Extra Family Flour, Superfine, Corn Meal, Rye and Corn Chop.

Extra Lovering Syrup Molasses,			60	cents per gal.	
Golden	"	"	45	"	"
Pennsylvania	"	"	55	"	"
Baking		"	3½	"	"
White Crush Sugar			11	"	lb.
White	"		10	"	"
Refined	"		10	"	"
Best Brown	"		8	"	"
Cuba	"		7	"	"
Rio Coffee		15 to	16	"	"
Best Imperial Teas			90	"	"
2nd quality	"		75	"	"
Black	"		50	"	"

Rosin and Castile Soap, Raisins, Figs, Almonds, Filberts, English Walnuts, Cream Nuts, Mackerel, Herring, Lake Trout, Dairy Salt, Cheese, and everything that is necessarily kept in a good family grocery.
April 4, '61-tf.] J. A. SPRANKLE.

What's the News?
WHY THIS, THE SUBSCRIBER has just received and opened a large and beautiful stock of
SEASONABLE GOODS
among which may be found the following
FOR THE LADIES:
Fancy and Plain, magnificent and brilliant styles of Spring Silks, Black Silks, Norwich Poplins, Challie De Laines, colored and figured Brilliants, French and English Chintzes, English and American Calicoes, &c.
WHITE GOODS.
We have in this department, Linens, Laces, Edgings, Cambrics, Brilliants, Nainsooks, Jaconetts, Lawns, Mull Muslins, Ladies Fine French Collars, Undersleeves, &c., all of which we respectfully ask a thorough examination in order to satisfy Ladies that we have these goods better and lower in price than the lowest.
Mourning Goods.
This line of goods is very ample in every department.
Hosiery and Gloves.
Silk, Woolen Cotton and Linen Hose for ladies and gentlemen, and an endless variety for children. Ladies and gentlemen's Kid, Kid Finishes, Silk and Lisle Thread Gloves. Call and see our far famed "Buck Gloves."
DOMESTICS.
Muslins, Flannels, Blankets, and every article in the Domestic line of Dry Goods, in larger quantity and in more complete assortment than can be found in any house in the interior of Pennsylvania.
We have also a fine assortment of
CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS,
together with a full stock of
Groceries, Queensware, Hardware,
and all the et ceteras of a country store.
May 9, 1861. J. B. HILEMAN.

LADIES' WINE.
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE,
OF CULTIVATED PORTUGAL ELDER.
EXCELLENT WINE FOR FEMALES.
EVERY FAMILY SHOULD USE
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE.
CELEBRATED for its medicinal and beneficial qualities as a genuine Stimulant, Tonic, Diuretic and Sudorific, highly esteemed by eminent physicians, and some of the first families in Europe and America.
SPEER'S SAMBUCI WINE
is not a mixture or manufactured article, but is pure, from cultivated Portugal Elder, recommended by Chemists and Physicians as possessing medical properties superior to any other wines in use, and an excellent article for all weak and debilitated persons, and the aged and infirm, improving the appetite, and benefitting ladies and children.
A LADIES' WINE,
because it will not int

HARD TIMES

MADE EASY!

Good News for the Unemployed!

1000 Chances to make Money!

ONE MILLION DOLLARS

WORTH OF

WATCHES,

JEWELRY

AND

SILVER-PLATED WARE,

TO BE DISPOSED OF ON

AN ENTIRELY NEW

AND

ORIGINAL PLAN!

2,500 AGENTS WANTED!!!

All persons desirous of securing an Agency in this

New Enterprise

Should send on their names at once, enclosing a 3 cent stamp to pay postage, and receive by return of mail

A PREMIUM

CATALOGUE

Containing

OUR INDUCEMENTS,

Which afford

A RARE CHANCE

TO MAKE

MONEY

without risk, together with

FULL PARTICULARS

Relative to this

NOVEL PLAN!

To insure prompt and satisfactory dealings, direct all orders to

GEORGE G. EVANS,

439 Chestnut Street,

Philadelphia.

HUTTER'S

STATE CAPITOL BOOK BINDERY,

AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,

No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa.

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, private individuals. In all cases the best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, paged and bound to desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys and Justices Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Triennial Orphans' Assessments, Duplicates, &c., for county purposes printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.

Merchants, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Ballous, Scientific American, London News, &c., bound to order, and in any style required. Harper's Monthly, Knickerbocker, Black Wood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine. Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or in the plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlet Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good Library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Books can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express.—All work warranted. Address

H. L. HUTTER.

Harrisburg, Pa.

☞ McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are my agents for Altoona and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1861-1y

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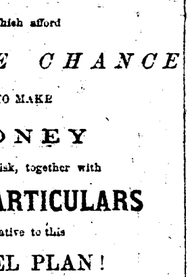
JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,

The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!



I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Clothes, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that causes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to fit me out of the shade.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.

Altoona, May 26-3m JACOB SNYDER.

SPRING OF 1861.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

The Largest Assortment and Lowest Prices in Pittsburgh. Come and see.

WALTER P. MARSHALL,

No. 87, Wood Street,

(Near Fourth, at the Old Stand,)

Has for sale beautiful French, German & American

WALL PAPERS,

for Parlors,

Halls,

Chambers,

Churches,

Lodges,

5,000 rolls at 12½ cts. 50,000 rolls at 6, 8 and 10 cents.

Window Curtains, Fire Board Prints,

Tretor Covers, Ceilings, &c.

☞ Look for the Striped Front.

Altoona, March 7, 1861-4m.

Wall Paper and Border.

AN UNUSUALLY LARGE STOCK

of the

LATEST SPRING STYLES,

just received, which will be sold cheaper than ever by

March 21, 1861-tf. J. & J. LOWTHER.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC

Paint, also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil as [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

SPECTACLES AND EYE PRESER-

vers for sale at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

PROF. L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR!!

AN EFFECTIVE, SAFE AND ECONOMICAL COMPOUND.

FOR RESTORING GRAY HAIR to its original color without dyeing, and preventing the hair from turning gray.

FOR PREVENTING BALDNESS, and curing it, when there is the least particle of vitality or recuperative energy remaining.

FOR REMOVING SCURF AND DANDRUFF, and all cutaneous affections at the Scalp.

FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR, imparting to it an unequalled gloss and brilliancy, making it soft and silky in its texture and causing it to curl readily.

The great celebrity and the increasing demand for this unequalled preparation, convince the proprietor that one trial is only necessary to satisfy a discerning public of its superior qualities over any other preparation at present in use. It cleanses the head and scalp from *dandruff and other cutaneous diseases*, causes the hair to grow luxuriently, and gives it a rich, soft, glossy flexible appearance, and also where the hair is loosening and thining, it will give strength and vigor to the roots, and restore the growth to those parts which have become bald, causing it to yield a *fresh covering of hair*.

There are hundreds of ladies and gentlemen in New York who have had their hair restored by the use of this Invigorator, when all other preparations had failed. L. M. has in his possession letters innumerable testifying to the above facts, from persons of the highest respectability. It will effectually prevent the *hair from turning gray* until the latest period of life; and in cases where the hair has already changed its color, the use of the Invigorator will with certainty *restore it to its original hue*, giving it a dark, glossy appearance. As a perfume for the toilet and a Hair Restorative it is particularly recommended, having an agreeable fragrance; and the great facilities it affords in *dressing the hair*, which, when moist with the Invigorator, can be dressed in any required form so as to preserve its place, whether plain or in curls—hence the great demand for it by the ladies as a *standard toilet article* which none ought to be without, as the price places it within the reach of all, being.

ONLY 25 CENTS

per bottle, to be had at all respectable druggists and perfumers.

L. MILLER would call the attention of Parents and Guardians to the use of the Invigorator, in cases where the childrens' Hair inclines to be weak. The use of it lays the foundation for a *good head of hair*, as it removes any impurities that may have become connected with the scalp, the removal of which is necessary both for the health of the child, and the future appearance of its Hair.

CAUTION.—None genuine without the fac simile LOUIS MILLER being on the outer wrapper; also, L. MILLER'S HAIR INVIGORATOR, N. Y. blown in the glass.

Wholesale Depot, 56 Dey St., and sold by all the principal Merchants and Druggists throughout the world.

Liberal discount to purchasers by the quantity.

I also desire to present to the American Public my

New and Improved Instantaneous

LIQUID HAIR DYE

which after years of scientific experimenting I have brought to perfection. It dyes Black or Brown instantly without injury to the Hair or Skin, warranted the best article of the kind in existence.

Price, Only 50 Cents.

Aug. 23, '60-1y. Depot, 56 Dey St., New York.

AUCTION GOODS

VERY CHEAP AT

McCormick's Store, in East Altoona!

JUST OPENED A VERY LARGE and complete assortment of Spring and Summer Goods, consisting of British, French and American Dry Goods, selected with great care to suit this region of country. In the line of Ladies Dress Goods for quality and price, they will surpass.

Mantillas, Dusters, Shawls, White Goods, Embroideries, Irish Linens, Linen Handkerchiefs, Hoopskirts, Clothes, Cassimeres, Kentucky Jeans, Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, Flannels, Etc., Etc

Boots & Shoes in all their various make and material for Men & Boys' as well as Ladies, Misses and Children.

Ready Made Clothing,

a full assortment to suit the season, with Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Parasols, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Matting, Brooms, Buckets, Tubs, Tin Ware, Queensware, Hard Ware, Stone Ware, Market Baskets, Zink Rubbers, Brushes, Clothes Lines, &c., with all articles necessary to make up a full assortment to meet the wants of the people.

ALSO, a complete

FAMILY GROCERY,

which will have our special attention, first in buying and selecting the best, and freshest articles as well as keeping it up at all times. Coffees of the very best and richest varieties.

TEAS,

Black and Green of the best quality and flavor. Sugars good and cheap; common Brown at 6, good at 8 cents, common white 10 cents.

Syrups and Baking Molasses,

from the best Loverings at 62½ ¢, to the lowest grade at 40 cents. Cornstarch, Dryed Peaches, Dryed Apples, Farrena, Bacon, Dryed Beef, Mackarel, Herring, Lake Fish & Dry Fish, Window Glass, different sizes, &c., all of which will be sold very low for cash, or exchanged for Produce.

Always on hand, Speer & Halls celebrated Iron Plows.

Persons visiting town would do well before making their selections to call and examine our stock, as we will be pleased to see them free of charge. Very thankful for past favors, we respectfully solicit a continuance of public patronage.

Altoona, April 18th, 1861-tf.

LABOR-SAVING WASHING MACHINE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the right for Blair county, of

Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine,

are now manufacturing them at Altoona, and intend to supply them to those persons throughout the county who desire a LABOR-SAVING MACHINE.

This machine is got up on an entirely new principle, and is considered, by those who have seen it in use, the best that has ever been brought before the public.

Among the many advantages of this machine over all others may be mentioned the following:

1st. Its simplicity of construction, making it almost impossible to get out of order.

2d. Its speed, which astonishes alike the operator and the looker on.

3rd. The facility with which it adapts itself to the bulk or quantity of clothes desired to be washed.

4th. It washes equally well the finest and lightest fabric or the coarsest and heaviest, such as bed-quilts, comforts, blankets, &c.

McMINN & DERN,

Altoona, Blair County, Pa.

We the undersigned, hereby certify that we are now using Tolhurst's Improved Washing Machine and are fully satisfied that it is a very excellent article of the kind; combining as it does great speed with little labor, and performing its work in the most satisfactory manner. We therefore cheerfully recommend it to all who desire a real labor-saving washing machine.

JOHN WOODS.	EMILE TIETZE.
MICHAEL CALVERT,	THOS. McAULEY,
JOSEPH G. ADLUM.	DANIEL PRICE.
R. A. O. KERR.	

HAT & CAP EMPORIUM,

JESSE SMITH, Proprietor.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF HATS and CAPS constantly on hand. It is the determination of the proprietor of this Emporium to keep up with the times and fashions, and to do this he spares no expense. He has just received his supply of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS AND CAPS,

among which will be found styles and qualities to suit the tastes of old or young, plain or fashionable.

To give the names, colors, qualities and styles of all his goods in this line, would only confuse the reader, and he would not then understand or appreciate the diversity and magnitude of his stock. It must be seen to be believed.—Go and see Jesse if you want to see a live hatter and a fashionable stock.

He has also a fine assortment of CHILDREN'S HATS and FLATS, to which he invites the attention of solicitous mothers. At his store they will find something which will excel all their neighbors in the way of fashion and beauty. Go, mothers, and examine and select from Jesse Smith's stock.

Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.

May 9, 1861.

J. G. ADLUM, NOTARY PUBLIC.

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.

October 1, 1857.

ROBES! ROBES!

Just received a fine lot of Buffalo Robes, which we will sell at from $4 to $10 a piece. Two doors below the Post Office. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

Jan. 3, 1861.

FOR SALE.—A HOUSE AND LOT, desirably located in the Borough of Altoona. Apply to JOHN SHOEMAKER.

Altoona, Feb. 9, 1860-tf.

HAIR OILS, COLOGNES, POMades, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by

1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

ALL THE STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES at 1-tf. KESSLER'S.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS and PHŒNIX BITTERS.

THESE MEDICINE HAVES NOW been before the public for a period of thirty years, and during that time have maintained a high character in almost every part of the globe, for their extraordinary and immediate power of restoring perfect health to persons suffering under nearly every kind of disease to which the human frame is liable.

The following are among the distressing variety of human diseases in which the

VEGETABLE LIFE MEDICINES

are well known to be infallible.

DYSPEPSIA, by thoroughly cleansing the first and second stomachs, and creating a flow of pure, healthy bile, instead of the stale and acrid kind; FLATULENCY, Loss or Appetite, Heartburn, Headache, Restlessness, Ill Temper, Anxiety, Langour, and Melancholy, which are the general symptoms of Dyspepsia, will vanish, as a natural consequence of its cure.

COSTIVENESS, by cleansing the whole length of the intestines with a solvent process, and without violence; all violent purges leave the bowels costive within two days.

FEVERS of all kinds, by restoring the blood to a regular circulation, through the process of respiration in such cases, and the thorough solution of all intestinal obstruction in others.

The Life Medicines have been known to cure RHEUMATISM permanently in three weeks, and GOUT in half that time, by removing local inflammation from the muscles and ligaments of the joints.

DROPSIES of all kinds, by freeing and strengthening the kidneys and bladder; they operate most delightfully on these important organs, and hence have ever been found a certain remedy for the worst cases of GRAVEL.

Also WORMS, by dislodging from the turnings of the bowels the slimy matter to which those creatures adhere.

SCURVY, ULCERS, and INVETERATE SORES, by the perfect purity which these LIFE MEDICINES give to the blood, and all the humors.

SCORBUTIC ERUPTIONS and BAD COMPLEXIONS, by their alterative effect upon the fluids that feed the skin, and the morbid state of which occasions all eruptive complaints, sallow, cloudy, and other disagreeable complexions.

The use of these Pills for a very short time will effect an entire cure of SALT RHEUM, and a striking improvement in the clearness of the skin. COMMON COLDS and INFLUENZA will always be cured by one dose, or by two in the worst cases.

PILES.—The original proprietor of these medicines, was cured of Piles, of 35 years standing, by the use of the Life Medicines alone.

FEVER & AGUE.—For this scourge of the Western country, these medicines will be found a safe, speedy and certain remedy. Other medicines leave the system subject to a return of the disease—a cure by these medicines is permanent—try them, be satisfied, and be cured.

BILLIOUS FEVERS and LIVER COMPLAINTS.—General debility, Loss of appetite and diseases of females—the medicines have been used with the most beneficial results in cases of this description:—Kings Evil and Scrofula, in its worst forms, yields to the mild yet powerful action of these remarkable Medicines. Night Sweats, Nervous Debility, Nervous Complaints of all kinds, Palpitation of the Heart, Painters' Colic, are speedily cured.

MERCURIAL DISEASES.—Persons whose constitutions have become impaired by the injudicious use of Mercury, will find these medicines a perfect cure, as they never fail to eradicate from the system all the effects of Mercury, infinitely sooner than the most powerful preparation of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and sold by W. B. MOFFAT,

335 Broadway, New York.

For sale by all Druggists. [Sept. 13, 1860-1y.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.

Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

GROCERY, PROVISION, AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INform the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES,

DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,

SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES,

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.

July 12, 1860.-6m. J. BERKOWITZ.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS & SHOES,

Brogans, Gaiters, &c.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.

Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

LANDS! LANDS!! LANDS!!!

The undersigned is prepared to locate LAND WARRANTS in the Omaha and Nebraska City Land Offices. Good selections can now be made near the large streams and settlements. The Lands of this Territory, now in Market, are of the best quality.

☞ Selections carefully made. Letters of inquiry requested. ALEX. F. McKINNEY.

OREAPOLIS, Cass County, N. Ter.

July 14, 1859.-tf

REFERENCES:

Rev. A. B. CLARK, Altoona, Pa.
Wm. M. LLOYD & Co., Bankers, Altoona, Pa.
McCRUM & DERN, Editors, "
THOS. A. SCOTT, Supt. P. R. R., "
D. McMURTRIE, Esq., Huntingdon, Pa.

S. M. WOODKOK. ATTORNEY AT LAW,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.,

WILL PRACTICE IN THE SEVERAL Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties.

Having had several years' experience in the practice of the Law, he expects to merit public patronage.

Office on ANNIE STREET, 3 doors above the Post Office.

Sept. 6, 1860.-tf.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,

ALTOONA, PA.,

JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,

HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.,

BANKERS,

(Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.")

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.

Feb. 3d, 1859.

G. W. KESSLER—PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, respectfully announces to the citizens of Altoona and the public generally, that he still continues the Drug business, on Virginia street, where he keeps constantly on hand, for sale, Wholesale and Retail, DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, OILS, VARNISHES and DYE-STUFFS.

By strict attention to business, and a desire to render satisfaction to all as regards price and quality, he hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

Physicians and merchants supplied on reasonable terms, and all orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded. [1-tf.

WM. S. BITTNER, DENTAL SURGEON.

OFFICE IN THE MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.

☞ A Student wanted. [Dec. 23, '58.-tf.

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [jan. 2 '56.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at

1-tf G. W. KESSLER'S.

NEW STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS AT HILEMAN'S.

THE SUBSCRIBER INFORMS HIS customers, and the public generally, that he has just received a large and beautiful assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

which, for magnificence, extent and variety, have never before been excelled in Blair county. Particular attention is invited to our stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Berages, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintz, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR,

We have Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tweeds, Jeans, &c. Heads of families would do well to call and examine our stock of Winter Goods for Boys.

Boots, Shoes, Hardware, Glassware, Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Oil Cloths, Carpets, &c., in any quantity and at prices that cannot fail to please.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.

Oct. 25, 1860. J. B. HILEMAN.

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN COOKING STOVES.

CONSUMPTION OF SMOKE AND GAS AND SAVING OF FUEL.

The subscriber takes pleasure in offering to the public

NEW GAS AND SMOKE CONSUMING

Cooking Stove, recently patented, which is destined to supercede all others, as it requires

ONE-THIRD LESS FUEL

than other stoves and is more easily, quickly and regularly heated. No unpleasant smell of gas arises from this stove from the fact that it is all consumed ere it can escape. There is no trouble from smoke as that unpleasant and often annoying exhalation is also consumed inside of the stove. Neither is there any danger of flues or chimneys becoming clogged with soot or the mortar loosened by the gas arising from coal fires.

Persons wishing to purchase stoves are invited to call at the store of the subscriber, in the Masonic Temple, and examine the above stoves. JOHN SHOEMAKER.

N. B. All kinds of Air-tight, Parlor Cooking and Egg Stoves on hand. [Aug. 12, 1856.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS AT THE "MODEL."

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN unusually fine Stock of Goods suitable for the Season. No Auction trash, but regular good Goods at very low prices. We deem it unnecessary to parade the prices of a few articles in an advertisement, but only say that we can and will sell goods at as fair prices as any other house in the place. We have, as usual, a great variety of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

In this department we think we can say we have the best assortment to be found in the place, consisting in part of

Black and Fancy Silks, Poplins, Lustres, Morellas, Broche Mozambiques, Arabesques, Valencias, Grizzelles, Calabrians, Challies, Delaines, Debeges, Larellas, Brilliants, Ginghams, Lawns, Chintzs, Prints, and a full line of Domestic Dry Goods.

Also, Stella and Berege Anglais Shawls, Dusters, Hosiery, Gloves Collars and Cuffs, Magic Ruffling and a full stock of all kinds of notions and Fancy Goods. Umbrellas large and small. Boots and Shoes, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Window Shades, Wall Paper and Border, Wood and Willow Ware, Hardware, Queensware,

Childrens Fancy Gigs, &c., &c.

We have also on hands a very large and superior stock of

FAMILY GROCERIES

at Greatly Reduced Prices. Sugars and Syrups by the barrel at a small advance.

☞ We take this occasion to return our sincere thanks to the people of Altoona and vicinity for the share of their patronage heretofore received, and invite them to drop in and see our new stock which we feel confident will please.

Altoona, April 19. J. & J. LOWTHER.

Stoves, Tin & Sheet Iorn Ware,

SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.

He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

☞ Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

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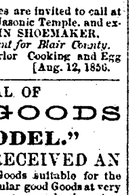
MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, and VESTING,



material for

FINE AND COARSE

OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING,

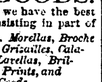
GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.

Nov. 1, 1860-tf THOMAS ELWAY.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.



I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.

Altoona, May 27, 1859.-1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property*, of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co. D. T. CALDWELL, *Agent.*

Jan. 27, '59-tf

LYCOMING COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned agent of the Lycoming Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire *Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture and Property* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any company in the State. Office in the Masonic Temple.

Jan. 3, '56-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, *Agent.*

FLOUR.—THE BEST QUALITY OF FAMILY FLOUR for sale, Wholesale and Retail.—Apply to J. SHOEMAKER,

Dec. 11, 1856-tf. Masonic Temple.

HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPtions just received and for sale by

Oct. 16-tf J. B. HILEMAN.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

The proprietors and manufacturers of HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS can appeal with perfect confidence to physicians and citizens generally of the United States, because the article has attained a reputation heretofore unknown. A few facts upon this point will speak more powerfully than volumes of bare assertion or blazoning puffery. The consumption of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters for the last year amounted to over a half-million bottles, and from its manifest steady increase in times past, it is evident that during the coming year the consumption will reach near one million bottles. This immense amount could never have been sold but for the rare medicinal properties contained in the preparation, and the sanction of the most prominent physicians in those sections of the country where the article is best known, who not only recommend the Bitters to their patients, but are ready at all times to give testimonials to its efficacy in all cases of stomachic derangements and the diseases resulting therefrom.

This is not a temporary popularity, obtained by extraordinary efforts in the way of trumpeting the qualities of the Bitters, but a solid estimation of an invaluable medicine, which is destined to be as enduring as time itself.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters have proved a Godsend to regions where fever and ague and various other bilious complaints have counted their victims by hundreds. To be able to state confidently that the "Bitters" are a certain cure for the Dyspepsia and like diseases, is to the proprietors a source of unalloyed pleasure. It removes all morbid matter from the stomach, purifies the blood, and imparts renewed vitality to the nervous system, giving it that tone and energy indispensable for the restoration of health. It operates upon the stomach, liver, and other digestive organs, mildly but powerfully, and soon restores them to a condition essential to the healthy discharge of the functions of nature.

Elderly persons may use the Bitters daily as per directions on the bottle, and they will find in it a stimulant peculiarly adapted to comfort declining years, as it is pleasant to the palate, invigorating to the bowels, excellent as a tonic, and rejuvenating generally. We have the evidence of thousands of aged men and women who have experienced the benefit of using this preparation while suffering from stomach derangements and general debility; acting under the advice of physicians, they have abandoned all deleterious drugs and fairly tested the merits of this article. A few words to the gentler sex. There are certain periods when their cares are so harassing that many of them sink under the trial. The relation of mother and child is so absorbingly tender, that the mother, especially if she be young, is apt to forget her own health in her extreme anxiety for her infant. Should the period of maternity arrive during the summer season, the wear of body and mind is generally aggravated. Here, then, is a necessity for a stimulant to recuperate the energies of the system, and enable the mother to bear up under her exhausting trials and responsibilities. Nursing mothers generally prefer the Bitters to all other invigorators that receive the endorsement of physicians, because it is agreeable to the taste as well as certain to give a permanent increase of bodily strength.

All those persons, to whom we have particularly referred above, to wit: sufferers from fever and ague, caused by malaria, diarrhœa, dysentery, indigestion, loss of appetite, and all diseases or derangements of the stomach, superannuated invalids, persons of sedentary occupation, and nursing mothers, will consult their own physical welfare by giving to Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters a trial.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞ Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, South America, and Germany.

For sale by A. ROUSH, Altoona, Pa.

Sept. 20, 1860-1y.

HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS

JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney.

Manufacturer of all kinds of PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK, at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction. Hollidaysburg, Dec. 30, 1858-tf.

GROCERY AND BAKERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNces to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoice of

Fruit, Confectionaries, Nuts, Spices

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS &C.,

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,

EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.,

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities.

Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as any in town.

Dec. 20, '60-1y.] JACOB WISE.

Literary Emporium and News Depot

CONFECTIONARY, SEGAR, TOBACCO,

JEWELRY & VARIETY STORE.

THE SUBSCRIBER CONTINUES to keep constantly on hand all the best literary papers and periodicals, daily papers from Philadelphia, New York and Pittsburgh, together with a good assortment of Books. All the School Books used in this place and vicinity always on hand.

Also, a choice lot of Confectionaries, and knick knacks of all kinds for children. Also the best Tobacco & Segars to be had in town, together with a fine assortment of Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Rings and other articles of jewelry. Call and examine.

H. FETTINGER.

Altoona, July 26, '60-1y. *No. 1 Altoona House.*

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.

March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.

Jan. 24, '56-tf]

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, SHAVING, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at

KESSLER'S.

WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT. WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT! WM. FLINT!

No. 807 MARKET, PHILADELPHIA, No. 807 MARKET, PHILADELPHIA, No. 807 MARKET, PHILADELPHIA, PA. PA. PA.

TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE

$100,000 WORTH OF JEWELRY,

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR EACH.

A Large and Splendid Assortment of Jewelry, consisting OF CHAINS, BRACELETS, CAMEO SETS, &c.

And all styles of French Plated Chains, Gold and Plated Jewelry.

We do not keep or sell any gilt, gilt or galvanized goods. Ours is what are sold by the best Jewelers as *Gold Jewelry.*

We receive our goods from the best Gold Jewelry Manufacturers in the States.

WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.
WHO ARE FORCED TO SELL.

The following is only a partial list of our immense stock:

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR

$1 EACH.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1.

Large Size and Splendid Cameo Sets, General Retail Prices,

Do	do	Lava	do
Do	do	Carbuncle	do
Do	Ladies' Enamelled and Coral		do
Do	do	and Carbuncle	do
Do	do	and Ruby	do
Do	Gold Cluster Crape Setting sets		do
Do	do	do Case do	do
Do	do	do Jet Sets,	do
Do	do	Black Mosaic	do
Do	do	Gold Stone Mosaic	do
Do	do	Calico Sets,	do
Do	Ribbon Twists, with brilliants,		do
Do	Boquet Sets, new style,		do
Do	Enamelled Cluster do		do
Gold Thimbles,			do
Diamond Pointed Gold Pens and Cases,			
½ doz. Silver Plated Spoons,			
Silver Plated Mugs,			

$8 to $1
10 to 20
8 to 40
7 to 30
7 to 30
7 to 30
10 to 30
10 to 30
5 to 12
6 to 12
6 to 12
5 to 12
6 to 15
6 to 20
10 to 30
3 to 7
3 to 6
2 00
4 00

Over 1000 other different styles Ladies' Jewelry; Medallions, all styles, patterns and sizes; Lockets of every description; Gold Pens, 14 karet, with Silver Extension Holder; Gold Pencils, Sleeve Buttons, Studs, &c., &c.; Coral, Lava, Cameo and Band Bracelets; Gents' Vest Chains, warranted to wear for ten years without changing color, and will stand the acid—they are usually sold by Jewelers as solid gold chains—all made in Paris. You can take your choice for $1 each. Ladies' and Gents' Guard Chains, $1 each, usually sold by Jewelers at from $5 to $50 each; Ladies' and Children's Neck Chains, beautiful pattern; Armlets, brilliant, enamelled and ruby settings; Crosses, plain and enamelled, for $1 each, retail prices from $5 to $20 each. Every style and variety of Jewelry and desirable goods for $1 each.

This sale, at the above prices, will continue long enough to sell off our immense stock, which was purchased at a great Sacrifice from Manufacturers who have failed.

TAKE YOUR CHOICE FOR $1 EACH.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOW TO SEND MONEY ☜

1st. Write your name, place of Residence, County and State, *plain and distinct*, as we can make *nothing out of Post marks.*

Seal all letters with WAX, as Envelopes sealed with gum or wafers can be easily opened—the contents taken out and re-sealed. Attend to this, and we will be responsible for your money.

INDUCEMENTS TO AGENTS.

Any person acting as Agent, who will send us at one time

$100, we will give a Gold Hunting Case Watch, extra.
$50, " " Gold Lever Watch.
$25,